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The Chinook Advance

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Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, December 22, 1927

Subscription \$1.50 per year, in advance

We wish you all
A Merry
Christmas

Acadia Produce Co.
Quality—Economy—Service
C. W. RIDEOUT
CHINOOK

GEO. E. AITKEN
ALTA

We wish all our
Customers and Friends
A Merry Christmas

COOLEY BROS. GARAGE

CHINOOK Phone 10 ALTA.

How About That RADIO
You Promised Yourself For Xmas. We have in stock

The Day Fan Spartan King
Our stock is complete on TUBES, BATTERIES, Etc.
We Charge Batteries

That you may enjoy a Merry Xmas
and Prosperous New Year
Is The Wish Of

Banner Hardware
Chinook, Alta.

That the Yuletide
Has found you HAPPY, will leave you Glad, and the
New Year

Bring you whatever your heart holds dearest,
is our sincere wish

Imperial Lumber Yards, Ltd.,
O. L. MIELKE, Manager
CHINOOK PHONE 12

We wish you all a
Merry Christmas
and a
Prosperous New Year

S. H. SMITH

Phone 14.

Chinook

The Chinook Advance

Wishes to thank its subscribers and friends for their good will in the past, and we will endeavor to merit a continuance of this good will in the future. We extend to one and all the hope of a

Merry Christmas and
Happy and Prosperous New Year

LOCAL ITEMS

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Milligan, on Monday, Dec. 19th, a son.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Glen Johnston, on Thursday, Dec. 15, a son.

Mrs. J. N. Keys went to Calgary on Tuesday's train, for a few days' visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Meade left for Calgary Wednesday to spend the Christmas holidays.

Jack Kenstrup left last week for Calgary, where he will undergo medical treatment.

Miss Agnes Gingles is spending the Christmas holidays at home with her mother.

Mr. and Mrs. McInnis are spending their Christmas holidays with relatives at Lethbridge.

Mr. and Mrs. Bassett left on Thursday morning for Huxley, Alta., for the Christmas holidays.

Miss May Todd arrived from Calgary this morning, to spend the Christmas vacation at home with her parents.

Mr. Scott and children, from Prince Albert, Sask., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Peterson, of Payton district, during the holiday season.

Miss Jessie McNabb, who has been attending school at Daysland, Alta., returned on Thursday to spend the Christmas holidays with her parents.

Mr. H. E. Milligan left Monday morning on his journey to his old home in Harrisville, Mich., where he will join Mrs. Milligan. The old gentleman is over 80 years of age.

Miss Violet Jacobson and Arthur Jacobson, of Heathdale, left Thursday morning for Saskatoon, where they will spend Christmas with their sister, Mrs. William Lyndall.

Messrs A. J. Munford and Geo. G. Rattray, who have been representing Osler, Hammond & Nanton of Winnipeg in Chinook the past summer, left for Winnipeg last week end for the winter.

An entertainment will be held in the Laughlin school on Saturday afternoon, commencing at 4:30. The programme will be given by the Mennonite children, under the direction of Pastor W. Martens.

The death occurred near Sarnia, Ontario, on Wednesday, Dec. 7th, of Kenneth McKenzie, brother of Donald and Finlay McKenzie, formerly of Chinook. Interment took place in the cemetery at Sarnia, Ont., on Dec. 10th.

The members of Crocus Lodge No. 115, A.F. & A.M., journeyed to Youngstown Tuesday afternoon where a joint installation of officers took place in the rooms of the Youngstown lodge. A banquet was given by the members of Youngstown lodge,

Farewell Party For The Robert Smith Family

BY E. V.

The population of Chinook and district turned out en masse to a farewell party given for the Robert Smith family, at the United Church Friday evening. The programme opened by singing "The Maple Leaf Forever," followed by several community numbers. Next some novelty guessing games, prepared by Mesdames Rennie and Isbister, were very much enjoyed by everyone. The prizes given for these numbers were awarded to Mrs. W. Lee, Mr. R. Massey, Mrs. F. Bassett and Mr. W. Hughes.

The Rev. Austin G. Gay, chairman, made a very appropriate speech, expressing the keen regret of everyone at losing a family who have been such prominent workers in every good cause. Mr. and Mrs. Smith, he said, are the founders of both the Boy Scout and C.G.I.T. movement in Chinook, besides having always been tireless Church and Sunday school workers. Mr. W. Korek, school principal, spoke on the splendid spirit of friendliness the Smiths are noted for; never, he said, have I met a family who were so sincerely friendly.

In his speech Mr. C. W. Rideout spoke of his long acquaintance with the Smiths and enumerated the causes here which, in his opinion, were going to have a hard time getting along without them. In conclusion Mr. Rideout made a presentation from the community and the Ladies' Aid of a purse of money. "At the same time Ida Rennie on behalf of the C.G.I.T. and Lowell Brownell for the Boy Scouts made presentations of a purse and a splendid leather briefcase, Mr. James Young, after making a speech for the Agricultural Society, presented Mr. Smith with a handsome gold watch as a token of their appreciation.

Mr. Smith made a fitting reply to each of these associations. He said he hated moving, but had been forced by circumstances to go through the ordeal three times since coming to Alberta in 1910, but never had it been so hard as this time. Hardest of all, he thought, was the idea of leaving behind the boys and girls he had helped to train in Sunday School, Church and Camp Nowhere, he said in conclusion, is it possible to find true friends than those we have in Chinook.

Mrs. Smith spoke for a short time, saying that she would always regret leaving Chinook, and that she was looking forward to seeing old friends again as soon as they were established in their new home in Calgary.

After an excellent lunch served by the ladies, everyone joined hands and sang "Auld Lang Syne" and "For They Are Jolly Good Fellows."

Mr. Smith, who was for a number of years editor of the Chinook Advance, will take over his new duties in Calgary January 1st, 1928, as special agent for Alberta of the London and Scottish Assurance Corporation.

To Our Old Friends

Loyal and true, to valued new friends, and to those whose friendship we strive to serve, do we most heartily wish unmeasured success and good fortune throughout this year and the many years to come. With grateful appreciation for all favors received by us from you, and for that priceless though intangible asset, your good will, which we esteem beyond measure,

We wish you a
Merry Christmas
HURLEY'S
And Staff

We take this opportunity of thanking our customers for the business they have given us in the past year and also wishing them

A Merry Christmas
and a
Prosperous New Year

E. E. JACQUES
DRUGGIST CHINOOK

We extend to our Customers the old, old wish for a

Merry Christmas
and a
Prosperous New Year

We thank you for your patronage during the past year, and we hope for a continuance of your business during the coming year.

**Youngstown & Chinook
Meat Markets**

Printing

Letterheads, Envelopes, Statements, Billheads, Business Cards, Posters, and all kinds of Commercial Printing

The Chinook Advance

The third son of Mr. and Mrs. Roger Rose, of Hanna, Alberta, was one of the crew of the ill-fated U.S. sub-marin S-4, which was rammed and sunk in 100 fathoms of water off Provincetown, Mass., by the freighter Paulding, last Saturday afternoon.

Rudolf James Rose was born in England in 1905, and emigrated with the family to Canada in 1906, where they lived a few miles west of Calgary until October, 1907, when they moved to Sand Point, Idaho. Returning to Canada in 1916 the family settled at Delia, Alta. Rudolf returned to the United States in April, 1923, and resided at Brinkley, Calif., until he joined the United States navy in 1925, being sent to the training school at San Diego. He served first on the destroyer William Jones. He is survived by his father and mother, five brothers, one sister.

Canada, the Land of Opportunity

As the year of Canada's Diamond Jubilee draws to a close it is gratifying and inspiring to recall the widespread interest which everything pertaining to Canada now arouses throughout the world, and more particularly in the Empire and the United States. Never before in its history did the Dominion receive more or better publicity than it has enjoyed this year. People in other lands are beginning to get a true conception of Canada and its great possibilities, and possibly nothing is better calculated to spread such knowledge in influential British circles than the decision of The Financial Times, London, having the largest circulation of any financial journal in the world, to issue semi-annual 40-page supplements on Canada during the next three years.

In an editorial introduction to the first of these supplements, The Financial Times recalling Sir Wilfrid Laurier's statement: "The nineteenth century was the century of the United States, the twentieth century will be Canada's century," declares that Sir Wilfrid was no mere visionary, as events have proved. It adds: "Unquestionably the nineteenth century was the century of the United States, for America's growth in population, enterprise and wealth were without prior parallel in the world's history. But the ratios of Canada's progress in the twentieth century were never equalled in any equivalent period of America's nineteenth century expansion. In the past two decades Canada's expansion in all material respects has been prodigious." Supporting this statement, the managing editor, in a signed article, makes the following bold recital of facts setting forth this story of "amazing progress":

In the twenty years' period (1906-1926), there was a 50 per cent. increase in the population, which is now estimated at 9,390,360. At that rate of progression the end of this century should see Canada with a population at least equal to that of Great Britain.

The value of Canada's field crops saw nearly a fourfold increase in the twenty years' period to \$1,131,241,100. More land was taken up as farms in that period than in the three centuries preceding, yet scarcely half of the possible farm land in the Dominion is yet occupied.

There was more than a fourfold increase in the total trade of the Dominion to \$2,258,029,000. The United States had a population of 75,000,000 before its foreign trade was equal to that of Canada today.

The value of Canada's manufactures was about trebled to \$2,948,000,000. So was the total capital invested in manufacturing industries, which, at the end of 1926, amounted to \$5,271,699,000.

The value of the mineral output showed a 250 per cent. increase, and the ratio of value per capita of population rose from \$12.1 to \$25.63.

Thanks largely to the rapid development of the pulp and paper industry, there was more than a sevenfold increase in the export of forestry products.

There was a 50 per cent. increase in the marketed yield of the fisheries.

The value of furs exported showed a tenfold increase to \$17,017,500. When the limit of settlement has been reached there will remain hundreds of thousands of square miles for profitable exploitation by fur traders.

Steam railway mileage rose from 21,355 to 46,532; no other country in the world exceeds Canada in railway mileage proportionate to population.

Electric railway mileage rose from \$11 to \$600. There are now 83 electric railway companies in operation, with an aggregate capitalization of \$22,000,000.

The number of motor vehicles registered in Canada twenty years ago was under 2,000. In 1926 the number was over \$90,000.

Ninety times as much electrical energy was developed in 1926 as in 1906—the harness horse power then being 500,000, against 4,565,000 now, and second only to the United States in such installation per head of population. On a per capita basis the Dominion has nearly five times the installation of the United States.

Yet the harnessed horse power of Canada is only a tenth of her available resources. She has four times as many telephones per capita as Great Britain.

There were fewer than 1,000 bank branches in Canada in 1906; in 1926 there were 3,770. The assets of the Canadian chartered banks in 1906 were \$80,000,000; in 1926 they were \$2,684,019,200.

The total life insurance force with Dominion licensed companies in 1906 was under \$70,000,000; in 1926 the aggregate was \$4,609,502,200. The life insurance aggregate rose from \$1,500,000,000 to \$8,045,437,100.

With the eclipse of Russia, Canada has become the second largest wheat producing and exporting country—second only for the time being to America. The Prairie Provinces alone produce wheat and other crops substantially exceeding in value that of the world's total annual output of gold.

Canadians may well find encouragement and inspiration in such a record of progress to go forward with confidence to the achievement of still greater things for their Dominion in the next twenty year period.

Silver In Canada

British Columbia is the Largest Producer Of The Precious Metal

Following the discovery of rich silver deposits near Cobalt, Ontario, in 1905 the production of silver in Canada rapidly increased and since that date up to 1925 Ontario was the leading producer. Recent discoveries in British Columbia restored that province to the position of leading producer of silver in Canada, when the production exceeded that of Ontario by more than one million ounces. Canada's total production of silver in 1926 was 22,371,924 fine ounces.

Corals are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holoway's Cora Remover is available.

Barred From Speed Test

The air ministry is being vigorously attacked for its decision that members of the Air Force will not be allowed to compete in the next races for the Schneider Cup which was won in splendid fashion by the British entries last year. The ministry loves secrecy and dislikes the limelight, and has issued a statement to the effect that its pilots were not intended to be gladiators. It will, however, give every assistance to civilian pilots who wish to compete.

Plenty of people have a good aim in life, but a lot of them don't pull the trigger.

Frost Bites

Minard's will quickly eliminate and prevent further trouble. Also eases the burning pain.

**MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT**

W. N. U. 1712

Australia's Cattle King

Began Career As Teamster Now Owns Thirty Ranches

A man who owns so many ranches that he recently destroyed 4,000 of them because he couldn't sell them and they cost too much to keep is, at seventy years of age, visiting London. He is Sir Sydney Kidman, the veteran Cattle King of Australia. He began his career as a teamster at 10s a week. Now he owns thirty ranches covering more than thirty million acres of land; more than 160,000 cattle and 10,000 horses; 1,500 camels and thousands of donkeys and sheep.

Saskatchewan Tourist Business

Heads All Provinces In Canada In Growth Of Business

Saskatchewan leads the provinces of Canada in growth of revenue from tourist traffic, according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, dealing with the calendar year 1925. The gain over the previous year was over 100 per cent., while Manitoba was the only other province with a percentage increase of more than 25 per cent. The tourist business for the whole of Canada has risen from \$82,729,769 in 1920 to \$193,635,150 last year. It is thought to be entirely due to the fact that the tourist traffic in 1926 was 100 per cent. above balance of trade.

Homestead Entries

Homestead entries in the four Western provinces for the first ten months of 1927, totalled 5,263, as compared with 4,597 for the first ten months of 1926. Of the 1927 filings, 482 were in Manitoba, 2,311 in Saskatchewan, 2,265 in Alberta and 93 in British Columbia. Alberta registered an increase of 487 filings over the previous year. Now homesteads taken out in the ten months accounted for the occupation of more than 500,000 acres of land.

A mother seal can place her pup by a hole on a cake of ice and dive off on a food-hunting expedition, staying for hours, and can return directly to the cake though the ice may have drifted thirty or forty miles in the meantime.

Head Colds Relieved with Vapors

**VICKS
VAPORUB
OVER 14 MILLION JARS USED YEARLY**

Doing Practical Work

Services Of Red Cross Society At Ports Of Entry Is Available

One of the inspiring bits of work carried on by the Canadian Red Cross is known in all its fullness only to those living in the seaport cities—Quebec, St. John and Halifax. At the seaports in these three centres, weary women and children are welcomed, warmed, fed and cheered after their long ocean voyage and sent on their way rejoicing to their new homes. Sometimes the adventurer has come to meet a prospective husband, and to go with him to a home on the prairie. Lacking the appropriate bridal outfit, she finds herself embarrassed until the Red Cross workers come to her assistance, provide the things needed, and arrange the marriage.

One of the most appreciated services is the serving of tea to each woman when she arrives. Every cup is a new brew, and the soups from February to October at least 15,000 cups were given at the three ports.

Conspicuous among the seaport voluntary workers is Mrs. P. J. McMains, Convener of the Red Cross Seaport Nurses Committee at Halifax, who at present in Toronto for the semi-annual meeting of the Central Council, Canadian Red Cross.

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Make Aerial Survey Of The Immense Grazing Lands Known As Wood Buffalo Park

Great expanses of grazing lands, numerous hitherto unknown lakes, and stretches of heavily wooded country were revealed by aerial photographs taken during the past season from planes engaged in a survey of the southern half of Wood Buffalo Park near Fort Smith, Northwest Territories. The information made available by this aerial survey will prove of importance in studying the capability of this great range to provide feed, water, and shelter for the future development of the buffalo herds which now roam its expanse of 17,300 square miles. Owing to unfavorable flying conditions the entire reserve could not be photographed and only the southern portion was surveyed this year.

The Wood Buffalo Park, which lies on each side of the boundary line between the Northwest Territories and the province of Alberta is administered by the North West Territories and Yukon Branch of the Department of the Interior, and at the request of this branch, the survey work was undertaken by the Topographical Survey of the same Department in co-operation with the Royal Canadian Air Force of the Department of National Defence. The greatest dimensions of the park are approximately 175 miles north and south and 150 miles east and west.

The nearest post is Fort Smith, N.W.T. just north of the territorial provincial boundary. In the area occupied by the park the last remaining herds of wild wood buffalo were discovered many years ago and these are now estimated to have increased to about 1,500 animals. Since 1925 to this area have been brought the overflow from the herd in Buffalo National Park, Wainwright—nearly 6,000 more—so that the total number, making allowance for natural increase, is now in the vicinity of 8,000.

The aerial survey of Wood Buffalo Park when completed, will be one of the largest yet undertaken and is the farthest North survey of its kind on this continent. The season's operations were carried out with two Viking seaplanes, each carrying a pilot, a photographer, and a surveyor-astronomer. The home base of the planes was at Ladd Lake, Saskatchewan, and they were flown to the local base at Chippewyan at the West end of Lake Athabasca, a distance according to the water route of roughly 500 miles. The West end of Lake Athabasca forms part of the eastern boundary of the park so that Chippewyan is situated virtually on the edge of the reserve.

Previous to the survey the great stretch of country lying between the Peace River and Great Slave Lake, West of Slave Lake, which includes the major portion of the park, had to a large extent remained terra incognita. This was due to the fact that it is almost lacking in navigable rivers and much of it is timbered plain of little relief in which the ground observer can seldom get an extensive view. Only a few old Indian trails give access to the interior.

From an aeroplane at a height of 5,000 feet the country spreads out to a horizon sixty miles away with clear detail. The cameras have accurately recorded all the water areas. The fall and winter range of the buffalo stands out clearly; the heavily wooded rolling country and the spring and summer feeding grounds are also recognizable on the photographic prints. A third class of country in which the swarthy areas shade to the highlands is also shown. This country is nearly flat with low islands and on it drainage is poor and moss accumulates. Although such land does not furnish much pasture it serves useful purposes of conserving the water supply and forming a natural fireguard.

The examination of the photographs of the southern half of the park covered by the work of the past season reveals a great many previously unknown lakes, relieving any apprehension of water shortage. Valuable data on the situation as to pasturage and road location may also be obtained to assist in the administration and development of the park.

Photographs taken at 5,000 feet are on too small a scale to show animals but the officers in charge of the ground control operations reported that they saw a number of buffalo which were in good condition and evidently thriving. This confirms the reports received from wardens by the North West Territories and Yukon Branch, which is in charge of the park, to the effect that the different herds and shipments were getting along peacefully together and that all were thriving.

W. N. U. 1712

Alberta Wheat Crop

Average Acre Sown To Wheat Returns Revenue Of \$36.75

It is estimated that the Alberta wheat crop in 1927 ran 28 bushels to the acre. At the conservative estimate of \$21.25 per bushel received the average acre sown to wheat returned a revenue of \$67.50. Occupied land in Alberta, together with houses and barns thereon, in 1926, was valued by the Dominion Government at \$25 per acre. In 1927, therefore, the acre acre growing wheat returned substantially more than its value in a single season.

The financial return for the farmers' efforts this year will be extraordinarily good, said H. G. L. Strange, former wheat champion at the Chicago International. On the average a farmer should be 50 per cent better than last year. He will receive good prices not only for his large yields of grain but for everything he is producing—pork, eggs, hogs, and cattle.

Many Seaking Land Along Bay Railway

Information Being Sought From All Parts Of Canada

Numbers of letters from all parts of Canada, are being received at Sagkeen asking for further information on lands along the Bay Railway, Anzac, which stated that all sites desired to take out homesteads in this country. Other letters were from far away as Sherrbrooke, Quebec, asking for further information on the method of filing on land.

With the opening up of the new Pila Flora line, and the completion of the Hudson's Bay Railways from the end of steel to Fort Churchill, homesteaders would have trade assured. After the influx of workers, railway builders and miners into this territory, a ready market for meat and farm products will result.

How To Gain Happiness

Doing One's Best Is Only Rule To Follow

We do not get happiness by looking for it. So long as we look for it and make it the object of our striving and our search, it evades us. That is the mistake—the tragic mistake—the mistake of professed pleasure-seekers are making. They miss happiness just because they make it their aim. Happiness is a shy visitant, and it eludes the man who openly pursues it. But let a man cease to think about happiness; let him concern himself simply with his duty; let him do the task that lies to his hand and faithfully do his best in the station he occupies, and happiness will come stealing into his soul.

Corn Growing In Alberta

Province Is Now On The Map As a Corn Growing Country

Alberta is now "on the map" as a corn-growing country, according to Prof. McKee, of Montana, the apointing judge of the corn exhibit at the show held in Calgary under the auspices of the Corn Growers Association. Mr. McKee viewed a display of 39,000 ears of Alberta corn. A sample of the famous De Kalb corn growing in the heart of the corn belt in Illinois shows that while the Alberta corn was not so deep in kernel, it was equal in food content.

Had Well-Filled Pockets

Wearing five overcoats and three pairs of trousers, a beggar was arrested in Glasgow. In his numerous pockets were found: Thousands of cigarette ends and pockets full of used and unmatch matches. Keys, purses, knife-pipes, and plugs. Useless cheques, old papers, and War Savings Certificate. Two hard bins and three hard breakfast rolls. Four pounds of silver, £2 lbs. in coppers, and a deposit receipt. The coppers weighed 13½ lbs.

Wood Buffalo Are Thriving

The wood buffalo in their natural habitat in Wood Buffalo Park near Fort Smith, N.W.T., continue to thrive and multiply. The buffalo in the southern range within Alberta are intermixing with those of the plains. Slipped during successive seasons since 1925 from Wainwright Park, Alberta.

Honored By France

Henri Gagnon, managing director of Le Soleil, Quebec, and P. G. Roy, archivist of the province, have been named Knights of the Legion of Honour by the French Government.

Alberta Coal Production

Expect Total Output For 1927 To Be Seven Million Tons

A banner year in Alberta coal production is in sight, almost in sight. If the mines continue at their present rate to the end of December, there is a good prospect of the total output for the year climbing to seven million tons. It is practically certain that the figures will at least be well ahead of last year's.

Premier Brownlee has had a report on the production thus far compiled by the mines branch, and it shows that for the ten months ending October 31, the mines throughout the province produced 5,231,321 tons, a gain of 421 tons over the corresponding period of 1926. The total gain was made up of increases in all varieties of coal, domestic, bituminous and sub-bituminous.

Last year's output for the full 12 months was 6,505,908 tons, and with the cold weather of November and December by way of stimulus there will be a substantial advance over these figures for 1927, even a possibility of the record being broken.

The heaviest year in Alberta coal mining that has ever been was 1920, when the output was 6,908,825 tons.

Enormous Grain Crop

Alberta Farmer Produces Crop That Is A Record

An enormous crop of grain, capable of paying the full cost of the farm on which it was grown, is reported to the Calgary offices of the Soldiers' Settlement Board. The farmer concerned was R. B. Fraser, of Munson, and his experience seems to be a record one for the district. The total amount harvested in spring and winter wheat this season reached 16,620 bushels on 223 acres—an average for both varieties of 56½ bushels per acre.

The Best Medium

Mr. Adviser, Think This Over. You see page after page of tulipage advertisements in the newspapers of the United States by magazines about magazines, designed to secure additional readers for these magazines. Why? Because the best medium for reaching intelligent readers is the newspapers.

Calgary Flying Field

Calgary will take a vigorous part in the extension of the aviation programme for Canada. A flying field, 80 acres of Municipal property, was first proposed, but now it is planned to have 160 acres in the southeast corner of Calgary. It is expected that the local aviation league will have a fleet of four airplanes to start with.

There are 1,310 flour mills in Canada with an annual output of over 17,770,000 barrels, of which about 10,500,000 barrels are exported.

Many an author's heaviest literary work consists of an effort to sell what he has written.

SUNFLOWER SILAGE

Has Steadily Increased In Favor In The Prairie Provinces

There is little doubt now that sunflowers are a fairly satisfactory and acceptable silage crop for districts in which seasonal conditions do not meet the requirement for good results with corn. In regions where the summer is cool and where late spring and early autumn frosts are frequent the crop suffers considerable damage. In such districts sunflowers are generally a dependable crop. They also stand drought better than do corn or other silage crops. During recent years the acreage sown to sunflowers as a silage crop has steadily increased, particularly in the prairie provinces. Its independence of soil, its constancy of its independence, its constancy, its courts, its literature and language to England. Long before the revolution the British Crown granted charters to colonists in America as well, and just that they became, with little change, the constitutions of Connecticut and sister commonwealths. All the fathers of the republic were of Irish stock—Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Hamilton, Franklin and Marshall. Of the same sturdy fibre was Benjamin Thompson, afterward Count Rumford, a physicist of supreme rank and vision.

John Harvard, an Englishman, founded the college which is today the acknowledged leader of American universities. Its most distinguished president was Charles Willmott Eliot, whose forty years of service came to a close in 1909. As he strode across the campus he was as English in build and feature, in poise and dignity, as if they were his first morning in America. His native New England remains to this day true to the best traditions of her English forbears. In education, in letters, in fine art, in scientific research, she still bears the unchallenged primacy on this continent. Her technical schools, her studios of painting and sculpture, of music and the drama, her public libraries, serve as models when new foundations flee beyond her borders. The Atlantic Monthly, Webster's Dictionary, and the works of Francis Parkman are not published in either Chicago or New York.

As in literature, so, too, in the sphere of organized religion. Among American churches the largest carries the banner of John Wesley. Next comes the church of John Bunyan. The Church of England in America, with a total not so large on its register, nevertheless holds a social position not shared by any of her cousins. In colonial days the corporation of Trinity Church was established in New York. Its endowment, a real estate has become of enormous value. Trinity church, early in its history,

History Clearly Shows How Much America Is Indebted To England For High Ideals

Mayor Thompson of Chicago suffers from acute Anglophobia. His threatened auto-de-fa of histories with an alleged British bias has provoked laughter on both sides of the Atlantic ocean. And yet Anglophobia must be popular in Chicago, or William Hale Thompson would not be its mayor. But however much he and his sympathizers may hate England, the fact is that the United States owes its independence, its Constitution, its courts, its literature and language to England. Long before the revolution the British Crown granted charters to colonists in America as well, and just that they became, with little change, the constitutions of Connecticut and sister commonwealths. All the fathers of the republic were of Irish stock—Washington, Adams, Jefferson, Hamilton, Franklin and Marshall. Of the same sturdy fibre was Benjamin Thompson, afterward Count Rumford, a physicist of supreme rank and vision.

Visitors to Washington usually include the Smithsonian Institution in their itinerary. Its founder, James Smithson, was an Englishman, who left a fortune of about \$500,000 "for the increase and diffusion of knowledge among men." From his bequest has sprung the National Museum, in all likelihood to become the central home of industrial museums in New York, Philadelphia, Chicago and other leading cities of the Union.

However distasteful it may be to Mayor Thompson and his friends, the relations between England and her daughter nation, the United States, were never more cordial and friendly than today. In a golden treasury of good will, a little sounding brass from Chicago intrudes itself. But never in American hearts was the test balance at the credit of the Mother Land greater than at this hour. This happy result is due, in part, to the Great War, when men in khaki north and south of the Canadian frontier joined hands to defeat the foes of mankind.

Romance Of Early Trading

Days When Records Were Written And Kept On Buckskin

Romance of the early trading posts of Northern Quebec is embodied in a claim advanced by Mrs. Jane Peever, 87, of Burnaby, for one third of a fortune in chancery said to amount to nearly \$200,000.00.

The days when important records were kept in the wilds by writing on dressed buckskin are recalled by her statement that James Hudson, believed to have died intestate, actually left a buckskin will bequeathing his estate to his family.

This will written on a strip of buckskin 24 inches broad, was in the possession of Samuel Frost at Fort Coulonge, Que., 40 years ago, according to a statement by William Osborne Peever, 50, Vancouver, who declares he read it.

Winnipeg Newspaper Union

Jackson



A Modish New Coat
Extremely smart is the coat shown here for the junior girls. The two pieces are joined at the waist with short darts, and there are useful patch pockets and a long shawl collar. No. 1693 is in sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Size 10 years requires 2½ yards 35-inch, or 1½ yards 54-inch material, and the same amount of lining. Price 20 cents the pattern.

Every woman's desire is to achieve that smart, different appearance which draws favorable attention. The attractive designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are originated in the heart of the style centres, and will help you to acquire that much-desired air of individuality. Price of the book, 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

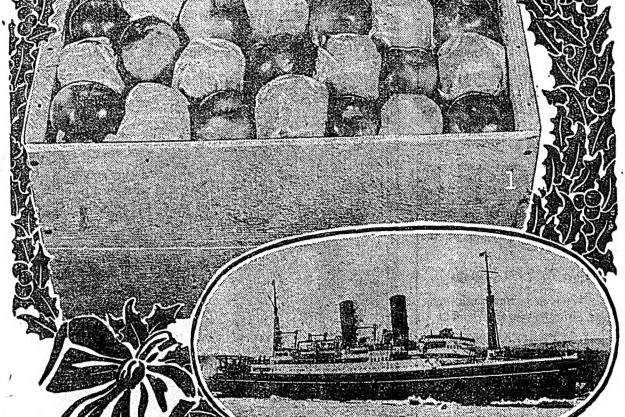
Town

Dreams and weather predictions usually go by contraries.

Say It With Canadian Apples

This is the slogan of the Canadian Pacific Express Company for Christmas and New Year, and at the same time a patriotic appeal to Canadians to advertise the Dominion in the countries overseas. "Will be agreed that there is hardly a better way to do this than by means of this distinctive Canadian fruit whose flesh, seed, sight and taste satisfy so amply four of the five senses of the average man, we mean man and child. You can have what you prefer though many people would have their wants fully met with a standard box of MacIntosh Reds such as is shown in above illustration. Wherever you live, what you have to do is easy. Order from your grocer a standard box of apples weighing 50 lbs. and containing about 150 apples. Then get in touch with the Canadian Pacific Express Company, tell them you want to send it to such-and-such a place in England, Scotland, Ire-

land, France, or where you will, and they will do the rest. The fruit is guaranteed by Canadian Government certificate and it is carried overseas in refrigerated stowage by Canadian Pacific steamships. As to the cost, well to Great Britain it will cost you a good deal less than the apples themselves. And you will have sent friend or relative one of the most attractive presents it can be the luck of man to receive at Christmas or New Year.



(1) Standard 50 lb. Box of Apples.

(2) Typical Canadian Pacific Refrigeration Stowage Steamer.

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Discovery of \$4,000 worth of radium in the Ottawa hospital incinerator terminated a frantic search. It had been thrown away with soiled dressings.

David M. Turnbull, Winnipeg, is this year the successful candidate from Manitoba for the Rhodes Scholarship, tenable for four years at Oxford University.

Turkey's only radio company, founded last March under a monopoly of all radio supplies, closed its services lacking funds because its Scandinavian backers failed.

The U.S. gunboat Sacramento has landed field guns at Canton to protect foreigners. The guns were taken to the U.S. consulate in the Shantou concession district.

William J. Baron, restaurant proprietor, former stock market page boy and a veteran of the World War, was revealed as the purchaser of a seat on the stock exchange at the record price of \$310,000.

The British Government has made no move to start negotiations with Japan to renew the Anglo-Japanese Alliance. Godfrey Lockhart-Lompson, under secretary of the foreign office, told the House of Commons.

Announcement is made of the death of Commissioner Elijah Cadman, the first Salvation Army captain, whose adoption of the title led to the present system of ranking members of the Salvation Army.

Notification has been received from Geneva that the international committee of Red Cross Societies has accepted the Canadian Red Cross Society as a member of the international committee.

In confirming the establishment of a Canadian Institute of International Affairs Sir Arthur Currie announced that Sir Robert Borden, former premier of Canada had accepted the chairmanship of the council.

Claims New Device
Neutralizes Gravity

Radio Engineer Of New Jersey Is Inventor

The invention of a machine by which the force of gravity is neutralized is announced by Bernays Johnson, a radio engineer, who claimed that if the machine can be developed to a commercial stage it will from New York to Paris can be achieved in five or six hours.

At his laboratory in Newark, N.J., Johnson said he had actually suspended a miniature plane in the air by neutralizing gravity and also that he could suspend a fifty pound weight in the air.

Western Honey

Prairie Provinces Sweep the Boards At Royal Winter Fair

The three Prairie provinces swept the boards in honey exhibits at the Royal Winter Fair at Toronto. In light colors extracted honey the first prize went to Manitoba, second to Saskatchewan and third to Alberta. Alberta secured first place and Manitoba second and third for granulated honey. First prize for comb honey went to Manitoba, and second to Saskatchewan. All first three awards for beeswax went to Manitoba.

Fewer Travelling Men

There has been little notice of the passing of the travelling salesmen. Comparatively there are few left. The owner of a wholesale drug house, who employed some forty, now has four. Yet his business has grown yearly. Business once secured by these apostles of good fellowship is now accomplished by air mail, telephone and telegraph.

Will Have Private Theatre

The former Kaiser is going into theatrical production. He intends to run his own private theatre, now being built within the grounds at Deurn House, his residence. The idea originated with his wife, Princess Hermine, who has long been dissatisfied with the dullness of Dutch village life.



"And so you really think of leaving the temperature society."

"Yes, I must. I am drinking more than I ever did before."—Viking, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1712

Old Fashioned Christmas

Merry Christmas Is As Merry As Ever and Its Spirit Is As True and Earnest

Good old-fashioned Christmas cheer, so loudly mourned for in these modern days, is a myth. The new fashioned Christmas is far better, declares the Woman's Home Companion in its December number. "Much has been added and nothing has been taken away unless by our own blindness or folly," it continues.

"Sleigh-bells and Yule log, the far, slow pilgrimage over drift-filled roads to the home of childhood, the groaning board lined with beaming faces, voices lifted in familiar hymns—the old-fashioned Christmas.

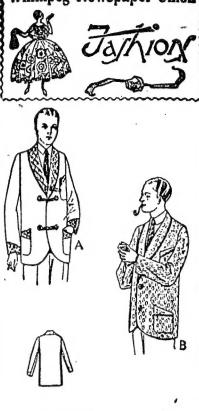
"Fast motor cars, rows of city houses heated by oil, families scattered over a dozen states sending quick greetings by wire; a few gathered about a smartly decorated table, the loud speaker filling the room with music from a distant orchestra—the new fashioned Christmas.

"It is easy to draw a cynical contrast. But it is harsh and false as is the way with cynicism and offend our inner knowledge that all is still well in the hearts of the people. Merry Christmas is merrier than ever and its spirit is as true and earnest.

"Children still scream for joy over the finest gifts. The fingers of unwrapped parcels with ardor undimmed by the years. Funny little springs of mistletoe still beckon above the doorways. From every window wreaths smile at passers-by. The highways even into the country and hamlets are swept, if there has been a fall of snow, and are open to the eager traffic that brings people together. And, for all the bustle of it, men and women pause to think and speak reverently of the Christ-child.

"Never was the world so wide for happiness, never so deep for the earnest of friendliness. Never so many men of good will, never so ardent a desire for peace on earth, never so many things to make Christmas merry."

Winnipeg Newspaper Union



Men's and Youth's House Coat

This attractive house coat is a smart and comfortable style, and will be found quite easily fashioned by the home modiste. The two-piece sleeves may be finished with shaped cuffs, and a 12-inch collar. Size 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches breast. Size 40 requires 3½ yards 36-inch or 2 yards 51-inch material, and ¾ yard 36-inch contrasting for View A. Price 20 cents the pattern.

For more expert apparel may be found in our Fashion Book. Our designers originated their patterns in the heart of the style centres, and their creations are those of tested popularity, brought within the means of the average woman. Price of the book, 10 cents the copy.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermot Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size.

Name.

Town.

B.C. Fruit Goes To England

The first cargo of British Columbia peaches ever shipped from Vancouver to England went out on the motorship Lochgolf recently. It consisted of 1,000 cases. The apple movement is well under way and there are fast-sized shipments of fruit and vegetables to the Antipodes.

The British Museum has fifty-five miles of books on its shelves, and each year has to find places for 35,000 more.

Only children play ball. Men make a business of it.



WORLD'S RECORD

E. B. Fink, for 60 years a train dispatcher and telegraph operator, retired from the service of the Canadian National Railways November 20. Mr. Fink's service is longer than that of any telegrapher in the world. At the time of his retirement he was in the employ of the company in Winnipeg.

Radio Developed Twenty Years Ago

First Broadcast Was Made On December 24, 1912

Radio almost reached its present development 20 years ago, Reginald A. Fessenden, inventor, testified in Boston at the federal trade commission hearing of charges that the General Electric Company, the American Telephone and Telegraph Company and other concerns had combined to control radio and establish a monopoly.

He said the first radio broadcast was made December 24, 1906, when the message "Peace on earth good will to men" was put on the air at Martha's vineyard.

Hoarded Things Shrink

The man who wrapped his talent in the napkin, and said, "Lo, there thou hast that is thine," was too sanguine. There was never untailed talent rolled up in a handkerchief yet, but when it was taken out and put into the scales, it was lighter than when it was committed to the keeping of the earth.

B.C. Tobacco For Britain

The first shipment to Great Britain of tobacco grown in British Columbia has been sent forward by W. F. Brown, who is in charge of the provincial crop. There is a report current that Ontario interests are to build a curing plant at Vancouver to look after the export trade."

Water-Power Sites In Canada

The developed and undeveloped water-power sites of the Dominion of Canada are estimated to have a capacity of 20,197,000 horse-power under conditions of ordinary minimum flow, or 33,113,200 horse-power dependable at least six months of the year.

Female workers in Germany number nearly 50 per cent. more than they did in 1907.

The biggest man on earth began life in a small way.

With the launching of the new

20,000 ton passenger liner the "Duchess of Atholl" on the Clyde recently, ships with a total of 72,000 tons have been launched for Canadian Pacific service during the months of October and November. This is believed to be a record for a private company. The "Duchess of Atholl" is the first of four "Duchess class steamers for trans-Atlantic service now being constructed for the Canadian Pacific Steamships. Her Grace the Duchess of Atholl was the central figure at the launching and christening of this

Manitoba To Have Powerful Radio Plant

Will Be the Largest and Most Up-to-Date Plant in Canada

Manitoba is to have the most powerful and up-to-date radio station in Canada according to an announcement made to the legislature by Premier Bruneau. The new equipment will be installed on the present site of the Agricultural College, and it is expected will be in operation within six months. The present station will be remodelled and placed at Brandon as an auxiliary to the new equipment.

Following is the premier's statement:

"The demand for improved radio service has reached a point where a much more powerful station than the present plant is required. To fulfil this demand and the ever-increasing schedule, it has been decided to substitute for the present 500 watt station a 5 kilo watt (5,000 watt) station."

"The intention is to take advantage of what might be called a reasonable or winter service, and make it an all-year service. The new equipment will be put into for this. New improvements, not yet in use in the location, such as crystal control and equipment for increased modulation, will be embodied in the new installation. The power of the new station will be ten times that of the present one, and the range and efficiency will be in approximately that proportion."

"With Manitoba occupying the strategic geographical position of being almost in the centre of Canada, and Winnipeg being almost in the centre of the continent, it is the government's purpose to capitalize on this advantageous position, and make of the Winnipeg station an institution that will serve the widest possible field."

"In the Winnipeg station already there is a more constant and regular schedule than in any station in the Dominion. It is on the air practically from 5 a.m. to 11 p.m. and sometimes later each day. The entertainment and educational programme have reached a standard not yet attempted in most other places, and although all entertainment features are now paid for, CKY is the only station in Canada paying its way."

"The new high powered station will reach all extremes of the province, and, in addition, it is hoped will do more in the way of publicity of the province outside its boundaries, than hundreds of thousands of dollars spent in other ways.—Free Press."

Silver Bell For Battleship

A solid silver bell is to be presented to the Lord Nelson, Britain's mightiest battleship, to commemorate the fact that she was built on the Tyne. The bell, the making of which has been entrusted to a silversmith of Newcastle-on-Tyne, will weigh when finished 2,500 ounces, or about 150 pounds. It will be the largest silver bell ever made.

Sometimes a man is unable to make both ends meet because he keeps them headed in opposite directions.

The biggest man on earth began life in a small way.

Sift cake flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift together three times. Sift ½ cup of this flour mixture over nuts and fruits; mix thoroughly. Cream shortening until light and fluffy add sugar gradually and cream together thoroughly. Add remaining flour mixture slowly to creamed mixture. Beat after each addition until smooth. Add nuts, fruit, and flavorings. Fold in egg whites. Pour in loaf pan which has been prepared with a paper lining in the bottom. Bake in slow oven (250 degrees F.) 1½ hours. Make ½ pounds. For larger cake double recipe and bake in tube pan two hours.

Good Year for Souvenir Hunters

Souvenir hunters visiting England's places of historic interest have had a good season this year. They have stolen; Anne Boleyn's "brocket" from the door of No. 2 Dean's Cloister, Windsor. The key of the south door of Avonside Church, Stratford-on-Avon. A large piece of Roman pavement from the Chester Museum. Nearly thirty prayer books from Westminster Abbey. Many small gilt stones set in the mortar between the solid fabric of the walls of Windsor Castle were taken.

The doctor had two pretty children. One day a woman passing two small boys heard one say to the other:

"Those pretty girls over there are the doctor's children."

"Yes, I know," said the other. "He keeps the best for himself."

Judge—"Have you anything to offer to the court before sentence is passed on you?"

Prisoner—"No, judge, I had ten dollars, but my lawyer took that."

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

DECEMBER 25

CHRISTMAS LESSON

Golden Text: "Thou shalt call his name Jesus; for it is he that shall save His people from their sins."—Matthew 1:21.

Lesson: Luke 2:1-29.

Devotional Reading: Luke 2:3-20.

Explanations and Comments

I. The Birth Of Jesus At Bethlehem, verses 17-25.—A decree of Caesar Augustus ordered the enrolment of every one in the Roman Empire. The people of Palestine were ordered to "go into their own cities" and therefore Mary and Joseph left their home in Nazareth of Galilee for Bethlehem, which had been the home of their ancestor David. There Jesus was born, though they had no room for them in the inn.

"Though Christ a thousand times born, Bethlehem be born, If He's not born in there, thy soul is all forlorn."

II. The Shepherds and the Angels, verses 8-14.—God's revelations come to us who are ready for them. It was not to the learned scholars at their accustomed toll that the wondrous news of the birth of the Christ came. They were watching their flock at night in the neighborhood of Bethlehem. Angels suddenly appeared to them and bade them then fear not as he announced, "Behold, I bring you good tidings of great joy which shall be to all the people. For unto you this day is born in the city of David a Saviour, who is Christ the Lord, who is the great Shepherd of the people of the Greeks."—The Greek word for Christ is the Hebrew word for anointed, the Anointed One. It was the title of Jesus as the One consecrated to be the Redeemer of the world. "He does not stay in the city of David, but to come to us; but neither does he say, Bring glad tidings, but to you bring glad tidings of great joy." Furthermore, this joy was not to remain in Bethlehem, but was to spread to all the world, and it was to be all the world.

"Jesus did not just begin to be the Saviour when the shadow of the cross fell upon Him at the end. The Saviour was born at Bethlehem. The hands of the Bethlehem shepherds were not bound, but they were the hands that afterward were nailed to Calvary's cross. He was not born to make a hollow, but to save it and fill it. Our hollow, sunken, Godless civilization, Godless Christianity is the hollow, sunken, Godless world of our present. The Saviour in modern life will not be able to recover Christmas for Jesus Christ and His real purpose in the world."—William F. McDowell.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

CHRISTMAS FRUIT CAKE

1½ cups prepared cake flour.

1½ teaspoons baking powder.

1½ cups sugar.

½ cup chopped almonds.

¼ cup grated coconut.

½ cup currant, cut fine.

½ cup Sultana raisins.

½ teaspoon almond extract.

½ teaspoon vanilla.

5 egg whites, beaten stiff.

Sift cake flour once, measure, add baking powder and salt, and sift together three times. Sift ½ cup of this flour mixture over nuts and fruits; mix thoroughly. Cream shortening until light and fluffy add sugar gradually and cream together thoroughly. Add remaining flour mixture slowly to creamed mixture. Beat after each addition until smooth. Add nuts, fruit, and flavorings. Fold in egg whites. Pour in loaf pan which has been prepared with a paper lining in the bottom. Bake in slow oven (250 degrees F.) 1½ hours. Make ½ pounds. For larger cake double recipe and bake in tube pan two hours.

Prairie Swine Herds Increase

During the five years between 1921 and 1926 the number of swine on farms in the Prairie Provinces of Canada increased by 547,244 according to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The figures for the two census years follow: 1921, 1,055,245; 1926, 1,692,189.

Market Grain In Canada

Montana Farmers Find It Profitable

To Haul Grain Across

Boundary

Montana farmers are hauling grain to stations on the Canadian Pacific Railway lines just north of the International boundary line in Southwestern Saskatchewan. Some 50,000 bushels are on the move there on sale to the Wheat Pool. It is remarkable that the Montana farmers are paying the duty and receiving about \$5 per load more than if delivered to the elevators located along the Montana route.

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"Of course you miss if you wait until they are thirty yards off."

"I should miss if I were nearer, and then I should not have the excuse of the distance."—Polo Melo, Paris.

WEALTH OF H. B. AREA

Enormous Mining Development Will Follow Building Of Railway

The whole of Canada will benefit by the opening up of the Manitoba mining area, north of Hudson's Bay Highway. This is the conviction of Cyril M. T. Young, F.R.G.S., Toronto, superintendent of development of the Canadian National Railways, who was the speaker at a joint meeting of the Board of Trade and the Young Men's Board of Trade at Winnipeg.

"The country north of the Hudson's Bay line," he declared, "especially along the height of land between the Nelson and the Churchill Rivers in the Sherritt Gordon-Flin Flin section and northeasterly toward Churchill is going to give Canadians another surprise in mining." This, Mr. Young said from his 25 years experience in mining, forestry and settlement and as a result of a personal examination of the resources of the territory.

ORE in the Manitoba properties was not as high a grade of copper, after being as large a net return, as that of Rouyn, Quebec, he stated, yet measurements and sampling showed that each of the properties had today ore values three times the total of the developed ore in the Rouyn area in 1927, when one takes into consideration the fact that Rouyn traffic has justified the 43 mile Canadian National line," said Mr. Young, and that a second railway has been constructed and is now in operation into the camp.

Every province will have its share in the development of the new country, he asserted. It is reasonable to expect, he continued that the coking coal used in the Flin Flin-Sherritt Gordon smelter will come from Alberta, because good coking coal exists on the coal spur branch south of Edson. The metallurgical process being adopted will require salt, which should come from Saskatchewan. The timber requirements for mining work will come from British Columbia. The western meats and other food supplies and the mining supplies will be shipped from Manitoba and the two sister prairie provinces to supply the towns and cities which will grow up hand in hand with the mining industry and with the allied cheap power and pulp and paper industries on the Nelson river. Mining equipment and electric power machinery will come from the manufacturing centres of Ontario and Quebec.

British Immigration

200 Families Brought To Saskatchewan Under Colonization Plan

British immigration to the Canadian West showed a marked increase in 1927 over 1926, according to a report at an executive session of the local colonization boards of Saskatchewan at Regina. It was stated that during 1927, 200 British families were brought into Saskatchewan under a special colonization plan and these, with single Britons brought in, accounted for a 70 per cent. increase over the previous year. Altogether, according to the report, some 6,000 settlers were brought into the province in the first eight months of 1927, or an increase of 2,000 over 1926.

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SOVIET CONSUL IN CHINA HANDED HIS PASSPORTS

Shanghai.—The Nationalist government has handed the Soviet consul at Shanghai his passports. He was requested to leave Nationalist territory within a week.

The passports were given on the Soviet envoy by Quo Tai-Chi, Nationalist vice-minister of foreign affairs.

The action was in line with the recently announced policy of the Nationalists under Chiang Kai-Shek, to remove alleged Russian influence in Chinese affairs.

In addition to severing diplomatic relations, the Nationalists also broke off commercial relations, demanding the closure of Russian commercial agencies, including the Russian state bank, and the volunteer fleet.

Explaining its action, the Nanking Government, in its official mandate, said:

"The Nanking Government has been informed that the Soviet consulates and commercial agencies in Nationalist jurisdiction have long been used as headquarters for Red propaganda, and as asylums for communists. Expressions of these facts thus far has been withheld, in view of the formal relations existing between China and Russia."

"On December 11, in Canton, an uprising took place culminating in the forcible occupation of the city by communists, who cut off communications, burned, plundered, massacred and murdered throughout the city. This was the result of communists using the Canton-Russian consulate as a base to direct operations."

"It is feared that similar occurrences will take place elsewhere. Such things no longer can be tolerated, and therefore the recognition afforded the Union of Socialist Soviet Republics is terminated."

B. Koskovsky, Soviet consul-general, refused to comment on the Nationalist order, merely stating that he was "awaiting instructions from Moscow, which will issue a statement."

Manitoba Gold Brick Shipped To Ottawa

First To Come Out Of Mines Going To Royal Mint

Winnipeg.—A brick of gold from the Central Manitoba mines, the first to come out of the district, has been shipped to Ottawa, and will be received in the Royal Mint there. A second gold brick will be sent out soon.

The movement of the first gold brick to the "outside" was veiled with the utmost secrecy, officials refusing to state whether the shipment reached here by road or airplane.

The directors of the Manitoba mines state that they are gradually eliminating losses in the tillings and that it will not be long until the mines will be making shipments as regularly as the Timmins, Ont., mines.

Death Toll By Fire

Child Victims In Canada Number 140 This Year

Toronto.—The fire at the Hospice Saint Charles is the third disaster to take toll of numerous young lives in Canada this year, bringing the number of child victims to about 140. The other two were the fire and panic at the Laurier Theatre, Montreal, January 9, when 78 were killed, and the orphanage fire at La Rae La Ronge, Sask., September 15, when 20 children were burned to death.

Other fires in Canada this year claimed upwards of 40 victims.

The Curse Of Tipping

Vancouver.—"Tipping is the curse of the catering business from the waiters' points of view," said P. R. Malone, Vancouver, before a session of the minimum wage board. Waiters in one of the city's largest hotels have not received more than \$1.20 per day in wages at any time within the past 20 years, said G. Coleman. They are compelled to get a living wage by studying the possibilities of their customers and means of extracting money from them in tips.

Air Mail For Mine Area

Ottawa.—Plans are under way in the post office department for the substitution this winter of a weekly air mail service for the present ten-day dog team mail, to serve Red Lake, Woman Lake, Woman River, and Narrow Lake in the mining area of Northern Ontario. Aviation companies have already been approached by the postal authorities, and it is expected that tenders will be let shortly.

Children Perish In Blaze

Many Die As Flames Sweep Through Orphanage In Quebec

Quebec City.—Fifty children, most of them orphans ranging in age from five to sixteen years, are feared to have been burned to death in a fire which swept suddenly and devastatingly through the Hospice Saint Charles here.

The Hospice Saint Charles, an orphanage conducted by the Nuns of the Good Shepherd, also housed many local children placed there by their families to receive their education, and the parents of these children, cradled by grief, looked to the city for help to rebuild their den.

Five hundred children and forty nuns were in the four-story stone-faced building when fire burst out in a dormitory on the second floor. It was believed to have originated in the basement and to have eaten its way to the second floor before discovery.

In a short time the entire building was a mass of flames and doomed to destruction. Efforts of firemen, policemen and the Nuns of the Good Shepherd who conducted an orphanage in the building were directed toward rescue work. A dreadful scene ensued.

Ladders were placed on every side of the building and firemen and policemen carried many children to safety in their arms.

Mingled with the roar of the flames were the terrible screams of the frightened and injured children and those trapped within the structure.

Adding to the horror of the catastrophe were the grief-stricken groups of parents who awaited the removal of the children's bodies by the firemen.

Rescue workers made repeated trips

of great personal danger into the dormitories, saving as many children as possible before being driven forth by the flames.

Advance In Shoe Prices Is Predicted

Necessary To Meet Production Costs Says President Of Association

Montreal.—At the 9th annual meeting of the Shoe Manufacturers' Association of Canada, President F. K. R. Lanier, Montreal, told the delegates that both the wholesale and retail trade would find it necessary to advance their shoe prices again to meet the prevailing production costs.

While production has been large during the past year, competition has continued to be exceedingly keen and the cost per pair shoe profits have been small in relation to the number of pairs of shoes manufactured, said Mr. Lanier.

Imports from the United States and Britain showed a marked increase during the last 12 months, 17 Canadian shoe manufacturing establishments have been forced to arrange settlements with their creditors or discontinued business, the president reported.

Distinguished Soldier Dead

General Alderson Commanded First Canadian Division In Great War

London.—General Sir Edwin Alfred Herbert Alderson, K.C.B., commander of the First Canadian Division in the Great War and subsequently the Canadian Army Corps, died at Loughton, Essex, January 10, 1930. He was 78 years old.

In the Great War General Alderson took command of the Canadian troops from their first arrival in England. Members of the first contingent will remember his reception at Plymouth on landing and later at subsequent inspections on Salisbury Plain and in France.

Appointed To Senate

Ottawa.—Hon. Philippe Parades, a member of the Legislative Council of Quebec, has been appointed to the Senate in place of the late Senator Montplaisir of Three Rivers. He will resign his seat in the Quebec Upper House. Mr. Parades' appointment has frequently been forecast. For many years he has been the chief Liberal organizer of the Quebec district. He is prominent in the asbestos industry.

Spring Sowings

St. Catharines, Ont.—Sowings this fall by vegetable growers in the Niagara peninsula, for marketing purposes next spring, has developed so rapidly that growers have had to cut the crop and sell it. It is the first time on record that home grown field spinach in the Niagara fruit belt has been marketed in December.

Britain Paying War Debt

Heavy Payment Is Made To The United States

London.—A payment of \$92,575,000 was made Dec. 15th by the British Government to the United States treasury, of which sum the amount of \$35,000,000 is in payment of the principal of the debt, the balance being interest.

With this payment, the total payments to the United States since the funding of the British debt amount to \$802,980,000, of which \$120,000,000 has been on account of principal.

The amount outstanding has been reduced to \$4,480,000,000.

LEVEL CROSSING ACCIDENTS TAKE TOLL OF DEATH

Ottawa.—The level crossing continues to take its toll of death.

Statistics compiled by the railway board show that in November out of 44 crossing accidents, automobiles were involved in 36. Eight persons were killed and 40 injured. Most of the automobile accidents occurred at unprotected crossings.

Comparative figures for the whole year are not yet available, but in the last four months of this year the number of crossing accidents was 145 against 137 in the four months of 1926. Autos, in the 1927 period figured in 123 of the accidents, with 42 fatalities, the same as 1926.

W. L. Best, vice-president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen, in a memorandum submitted to the Minister of Railways, says that within the past six years—1921 to 1926—199 persons have been killed and 1,437 injured at highway crossings.

Mr. Best suggests a number of things to combat the menace of frequent automobile traffic on highways that cross railways on the level, chief of his suggestions being separation of grades. Pending complete separation he urges gates, hells or watchmen and further depreciation of improvement of highways at approaches to railway crossings, which would force slower traffic and elimination of the danger. He also suggests restriction of Federal Government aid to highway construction unless provincial and municipal governments guarantee adequate removal of the level crossing danger.

Mr. Best recommends a conference under the auspices of the railway board to determine a national plan of level crossing separation and protection, and that, if necessary, the Railways Act be amended.

Post Payment In March

Winnipeg.—No further Wheat Pool payments will be made until March 1, A. J. McPhail, Regina, president, announced here. The Canadian Wheat Pool Board met here, with members present from Saskatchewan and Alberta, and discussed routine business.

Athens Forming Senate

Athens.—A Bill has been prepared for the creation of a senate which has not existed since 1862. It provides for 50 senators to be elected by people. Twenty others will be chosen by commercial, professional, scientific and labor organizations, and 10 by the chamber of deputies. Senators must be 40 years old. Their term of office will be three years.

Ontario House Opens Feb. 9

Toronto.—Announcement was made here by Premier G. Howard Ferguson that the session of the Ontario Legislature will open Thursday, February 9. It is hoped to adjourn the House on Good Friday, April 6.



Prize Swine Raisers of the West

Raising hogs that can compete with the best produced in the West is the specialty of these four young men who were winners in Juvenile Swine Competition in the prairie provinces this year. The competitions, which have become an annual event through the west, are conducted by the Canadian Pacific Railway in order to stimulate the young farmers in prize livestock raising. The young men are, from left

Canada At Geneva

Fixed Calendar Of 13 Months Is Under Consideration

Ottawa.—Proposals for a fixed calendar of 13 months, each of 28 days, were placed before the External Affairs Department by its author, M. B. Cotsworth New York. Afterwards he saw some of the technical officers of the Government.

In October last the League of Nations cabled the different Governments which are party to the League, asking them to give its advisory committee on communications "all information of value to it on any action taken on the suggestion contained in the report of the committee of inquiry into the reform of the calendar and more particularly on the national proposal for committees of inquiry to study this reform." Steps are being taken to form such a committee here.

The international fixed calendar would provide for 13 months instead of 12, each month divided into four complete weeks beginning on Sunday and ending on Saturday. An extra month would be necessary and this would be inserted between June and July. Every month of the year, by this plan, would be identical in date and week day sequence. The last day of the year would be dated December 29th as an eighth day extra Sabbath, ending of the last week. In leap year, "leap day" would be inserted as the midsummer extra Sabbath and dated June 29th.

Without step Col. Charles A. Lindbergh, piloting the Spirit of St. Louis which earlier in the year had carried him to Paris, flew from Washington to Mexico City. For more than 27 hours he was at the controls.

Perhaps there has never been witnessed such a deliberate demonstration of joy by a Mexican multitude when, after some three hours of apprehension that misfortune had befallen the flier, the Spirit of St. Louis settled on Valmico Military Aviation Field, two and a half miles from Mexico City. Lindbergh and his plane were safe and sound. Nothing was wrong except that a miscalculation of direction carried the plane in a great circle from Tampico into the interior, instead of flying in a direct line to Mexico City.

The lone eagle not only flew over Mexico's mountains and deserts in this first non-stop flight between the two capitals, but he now straight into the hearts of the Mexican people—he hearts long ago lost in devotion to him by exploits of which they had read, hearts torn with fear for hours for his safety.

Athens Forming Senate

White toll in the recent Nationalist coup, which was at first stated as 10,000,000, was not exceeded, according to the Japanese dispatches.

While the danger to foreigners is believed to have passed, American naval authorities have given permission to Americans whose homes were in suburbs of the Chinese city to return to their homes. People. Twenty others will be chosen by commercial, professional, scientific and labor organizations, and 10 by the chamber of deputies. Senators must be 40 years old. Their term of office will be three years.

With the sudden suppression of the disorders in Canton, Nationalist officers here were unanimous in their claim that there was no danger of a further Red uprising. Military officers declared that Nationalists are ample prepared to prevent a recurrence.

The Non-Communist Nationalists have launched a campaign against alleged Russian influence in Chinese affairs. Chiang Kai-Shek, head of the Nationalist Party, today reiterated a statement condemning the Soviets. He declared that "Soviet consulates throughout China have been serving as hotbeds of Communistic propaganda, necessitating immediate severance of diplomatic relations between China and Moscow. Communism is bound to cause the breakdown of the Chinese revolution. Some time ago I recommended that the Kuomintang (Nationalist Party) break off relations. If action had been taken then the Canton disaster probably never would have happened."

Chiang Kai-Shek repeated a statement that the Kuomintang executive committee had instructed Foreign Minister C. C. Wu to inaugurate moves looking toward severance of relations, but that the minister had not had time to carry out his instructions.

Work On Flin Flon Railway

The Pas, Man.—H. F. McLean and William Tomlinson, who have the contract for the construction of the new road to the Flin Flon mine, have arrived here and are making preparations to start work sooner than was expected. It is planned to lay steel on the ground up to Cranberry Lake, so as to enable contractors to rush in supplies. If this is decided on, 200 men will be needed.

Smothered In Grain

Port William Ont.—Joseph Denonville, 28, father of five children, was smothered to death in a bin of grain. Denonville was engaged in evening grain at the bottom of the bin and it is believed that as he reached the bottom the grain slid, covering and smothering him.

Surveying Flin Flon Railway

Prince Albert, Sask.—P. G. Haven, chief locating engineer of the Canadian National Railways, Western Division, in charge of a large survey party, has left for the Pas, Man. He will begin work in that region in connection with the construction of the new railway into the Flin Flon.

The first lecture chair to be granted to a Japanese scholar by Berlin University has just been assigned to Dr. Kazuharu Kanokogi of Japan.

New Calendar Proposal

WHEAT GROWING SITUATION OF TWO COUNTRIES

New York.—Relations between the wheat growers of the Western United States and those of Western Canada appear to be friendly, but each region has its own fish to fry. So declares F. D. Farrell, president of Kansas State Agricultural College, writing in the January issue of "Foreign Affairs."

Mr. Farrell, who was formerly in charge of numerous agricultural and reclamation projects for the United States Department of Agriculture, in the course of his article compares the wheat growing situation in the two countries.

Canada, which exports about 75 per cent of her wheat, stands at the head of the nations in supplying the world with wheat bread. The United States Department of Commerce figures, says Mr. Farrell, show export percentages for 1925-26 as follows:—

Canada, 39; United States, 23; Argentina, 38; Australia, 10; other countries, 3.

Noting that the wheat industry in the three prairie provinces has developed from 1913 to 1923 in the round figures of 141,000,000 bushels to 452,000,000 bushels, he says that there is no indication that acreage and production have reached their maximum. He estimates that there are more than 26,000,000 acres of unused fertile land within fifteen miles of existing railroads in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The Canadian wheat grower, he thinks, is more fortunately placed with respect to marketing than his American cousin. The farmers of the prairie provinces have some advantage in the cost of transportation.

The tariff of two cents a bushel imposed on wheat imported into the United States in, he says, "by no means fully effective." With rare exceptions, it does not raise the price of wheat in the United States above the price of comparable grades in Canada by the amount of the duty. Its degree of effective duty depends upon the grades of wheat concerned and upon the size of the wheat crop in each of the two countries.

Gambler's Winnings Will Educate Youth

Texas Cattle Ranch Won In Poker Game Deeded To School

Fort Worth, Tex.—A cattle ranch won in a poker game now is contributing to the education of Texas youth.

The last legal formality has been completed by which ownership of the 6666 ranch is transferred to Texas Christian University of Fort Worth. Mrs. Burk Burnett, widow of Captain Burk Burnett, died the hand of Captain Burnett named his ranch the 6666 in token of the poker hand of four aces which brought him the property and elevated him from a cow boy to a cattle baron.

Will Be Ready In Time

No Delay In Completion Of Flin Flon Rail Line

Montreal.—Sir Henry Thornton, acting for the Flin Flon development in Manitoba, said the railway would be completed in "ample time to meet mineral developments in that district."

Speaking of conditions in Mexico, where he has just visited, Sir Henry stressed the need of tranquility to give time to make the country prosperous, promote education, and put the railways in a sound financial position.

Telling World Time By Wireless

London.—Telling the world the right time by wireless, is to be inaugurated in Great Britain next month, when the Royal Station will open a series of time signals to be sent out at 10 a.m. and 6 p.m. The signals, which will be sent out on 18,740 meters, will actually begin at five minutes to the hour and the first one will be a dash. At each successive minute there will be a dash followed by 60 dots.

Surveying Flin Flon Railway

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Planning Bomb-Proof City

Soviet Officials In Moscow Are Working Out New Idea

Men may have to go back to their cave-dwelling ancestors and live a large part of their lives underground; big cities may have to be decentralized and spread, in low-lying buildings, over vast areas broken up by parks and open spaces, if the threatened horrors of aerial warfare really materialize, says Popular Mechanics Magazine.

These are the conclusions reached by Soviet officials in Moscow, who are busy at work planning a gas and bomb-proof city capable of resisting attack from the air. The Soviet architects featured a recent anti-war "Scare Week" with plans for such a city. The plans called for vast subterranean cities, covered by reinforced concrete roofs, which in turn were buried under many feet of sand and earth. Railways and streets, as well as sidewalks, would also be placed underground.

Such buildings as would be permitted above ground would be limited to four stories in height. The outer walls would taper, to offer the smallest possible target from above, and they would be surrounded by triple reinforced concrete roofs, with honey-combed air spaces between to take up the shock of an exploding bomb. The roof idea is similar to the blister plan used as a submarine defense for warships, an outer shell or blister exploded the torpedo on contact, and the inner space taking up the shock before the main hull is reached. Not all bombs explode on contact, but the triple roofs would offer sufficient resistance to stop even a penetration type of bomb and explode it before the interior of the building could be reached.

Every outlet to the air, including all doors and windows would be rendered gas-proof, while the underground passages and refuge rooms would be protected against poison gas by double doors, elaborate ventilating systems and powerful exhaust fans which could sweep a strong current of air across all openings to form an inviolable barrier that would brush gas fumes away.

Above ground, the occasional four-story building would be set in the midst of wide-spreading parks, which would cover the labyrinth of cave dwellings deep beneath the surface. Occasional listening and signal towers and platforms for anti-aircraft guns would be interspersed among the scattered houses.

Another idea advanced by the Russians is the building of powerful gas neutralizers, which would draw the gas-laden air through water spray and chemicals and release it as pure air again.

Workers Increase in Germany
While the population within the territorial limits which embraces Germany today, is one-tenth greater than 20 years ago, the number of workers has increased nearly 40 per cent, according to official figures just given out.

Sky Lover—“My helldays are up, and I leave here tomorrow. How long shall you remain, Miss West?”

The Girl—“Return, Miss West? Well, that doesn’t depend on me, you know!”

A guitar made from German silver is said to possess great volume, which makes it suitable for orchestral use, while retaining the sweet tone produced by the wooden guitar.

The average American tourist is inclined to think he has reaped the full advantages of travel if he is able to make mistakes in four languages instead of only one.

Uncle Sam’s Navy consumes sixty-two tons of food every morning at breakfast. And that doesn’t include anything mother used to make unless it’s coffee.

It has been estimated that 1,500,000 one-dollar bills are worn out each day.

It is a man’s mind and not his money chest which is called rich.



“Be careful, my friend, I could have you arrested for carrying arms without a permit!”—Polo Mele, Paris.

W. N. U. 1732

Buying a Fanning Mill

Cleaning the Seed is a Very Important Operation On the Farm

Cleaning the seed which is to be used for next season’s crops is a very important operation that should be done during the winter and not left to be hurriedly performed just before sowing time. A good fanning mill is the first essential, and for those intending to buy a mill a number of valuable hints are given in a pamphlet entitled “Cleaning Seed,” distributed by the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa. It is pointed out in the pamphlet that it is a great advantage to deal with a firm that will guarantee to see that the mill is fitted with the proper sieves to handle the grain for which it is required. The purchaser should have it understood, when he buys a mill, that he will send samples of seed to the firm and expect them to provide him with the best sieves for cleaning it. The capacity of a mill in bushels per hour is not so very important. Quality of work should not sacrifice speed, as it takes only a few hours, even with the slowest mill, to clean all the seed required on the average farm. The purchaser should make certain that the sieves are well made and fit snuggly into the mill so that there is no place in which weed seeds or grain may lodge. The mill should be easy to clean out when changing from one kind of grain to another. The ease and rapidity with which the amount of grain leaving the hopper can be controlled is important. It is also an advantage for the person turning the mill to be able to see the work the sieves are doing.

A Picturesque Name

Name of River Dates Back to Days of Early Explorers

One of the most picturesque geographic names is Qu’Appelle, the appellation of the river which flows in an easterly direction through Saskatchewan some miles north of the cities of Moose Jaw and Regina to the Assiniboine river in Manitoba. The name was originally “qu’apelle” or “river that calls” and like many names in Western Canada dates back to the days when the French-speaking explorers and fur traders from what is now Eastern Canada penetrated into the heart of the West.

Fourteen thousand bushels of wheat were threshed recently from a crop grown on 350 acres of land on the farm of O. Klarlin, Gold Spring District, Alberta, an average of almost 39 bushels to the acre.

Bride-to-Be—“What do you use to clean the carpets?”

Honesty—“I have tried lots of things, but I find my husband the best.”

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Canadian Red Clover Seed Best

The Desirability Of Always Using Canadian Grown Seed

The superiority of Canadian-grown red clover seed over imported seed has once more been strikingly demonstrated in experiments described in the latest annual report of the Dominion Agronomist. Seeds from many sources were thoroughly tried out and in practically all cases where it has been possible to trace the origin of the seed to which had been grown in Canada at least nine or ten years, and thus completely acclimated, the winter hardness was considerably superior to that of practically all imported seed. The desirability of always using Canadian-grown seed is therefore clear. The report, which contains many valuable information on forage crops, may be obtained from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

Patrolling Far North

Studying Migrations Of Caribou in the Northern Reaches

Covering a district about four hundred miles square during a two years’ investigation of the migrations of the caribou in the sub-Arctic regions of the Northwest Territories, Canada, an explorer of the Department of the Interior discovered the route of the main migration. He reports that while formerly the caribou wintered east of Great Slave Lake, and spent the summer on Victoria and other islands of the Arctic archipelago, now they turn eastward before reaching the coast and summer in the country west of Backs River.

System Would Be Handy

A new system of electrical control has been demonstrated in New York by which it is possible for a telephone to turn on electrical machinery at a distance. By this method a housewife, by telephoning her home and using the correct signal, can turn on the electric stove and cook her dinner whilst she is out shopping. It is reported.

New Airplane Brake

A new airplane brake that operates on the hubs of the landing wheels, permits landing in a short space and enables the pilot to turn his machine quickly to avoid obstacles on the ground by applying the brake only on one wheel, is being tested in Britain.

Caesar—“Ah always whistles when Ah goes by the graveyard.”

Napoleon—“Dat explains it. Ah wonder where you learned dat tremolo effect.”

Honesty—“There’s no fool like an old fool who acts like a young fool.”

Say, my wife wants to know what you do at the bank.”

Teller—“

Sailors As Artists

Many Are Clever Musicians and Some Are Painters

There are few callings that teach one to be bandler with one’s hands than that of the sailors, and it is said there are many sailors who would have made a name for themselves in the art world had they had the necessary training. Rugs and embroideries, and those ingenious ships inside bottles, are familiar examples of sailors’ work.

The second officer of one liner has chronicled his voyages in a series of water-color paintings. His view of the sea from the ship’s bridge has given him plenty of opportunities to portray his various moods.

Then there is a liner’s lift attendant who, although he has only one arm, paints beautiful pictures. Many sailors are clever musicians, and one man can produce really wonderful music from a mouthorgan. Another sailor, a bedroom steward, works so delicately in wood that he has made a carved chain from gun or diary safety match.

Largest and Smallest Books

Gigantic Atlas and Tiny Volume in British Museum

Can you imagine a book so tall that an average-sized man could walk behind it without being seen?

Such a book, believed to be the largest in the world, is now at the British Museum. It is a gigantic atlas, and was presented to Charles II, by Amsterdam merchants as a memento of his visit to the Netherlands, where he found refuge after the fall of the monarchy.

Despite their age, the maps are surprisingly accurate. The texts and inscriptions are in Latin and the book is a wonderful example of the printer’s art.

On the other extreme is a book that could be hidden under a sixpence! It is only one hundred and sixty-six thousandths of an inch across and six one-hundredths of an inch thick. This “Rubaiyat” of Omar Khayyam, tiny volume is a sixty-four-page illustrated book.

World’s Biggest Man

The busiest man in the world is claimed to be Mr. G. J. Robbins, owner and editor of an American daily newspaper, the Whitesville News. Mr. Robbins, who is a bachelor, writes all his own copy, operates his own linotype, makes up the paper, prints it, and then steps out into the circulation department and sells the edition. The rest of the time he devotes to his duties as Town Clerk, and when his office work is done he goes home and does all his own housework.

Say, my wife wants to know what you do at the bank.”

Teller—“

Used To Mean Something

But Snow Is Now Considered a Wet ‘Dirty Nuisance’

Turning a sour eye out of the window we fell to pondering on the extent to which a mechanical civilization has robbed us of one or the material facts of life, which is to say snow. There was a time when it meant as much to us as sunshine, or rain, or fire, or the forest, or the sea. It produced a definite emotional effect, as witness the great number of poems that have been written about it. We yielded ourselves to it without question, making ourselves almost a part of it. In those days we travelled much by horse, and the ground was hardly white before bells could be heard and in a few hours we were all in sledges, engaging in races that we could not win, laughing at nothing in particular, taking spills which for some mysterious reason did not hurt. At night we called a halt on ordinary pleasures and went out to the big hill, where we coasted for hours on the old bob-sled. If we were very young we pressed the snow into little balls and pelted each other with it, or rolled it up into great balls and made snowmen, to whom we gave coats, hats and a corn-cob pipe for a bit of artistic verisimilitude. And in addition to all this we used to sit and look at it, and reflect that it was beautiful.

Now that is all gone. One never sees a slight any more, and a taxicab rattling through the snow with chains on its tires is a rattling taxicab and nothing more. The big hill is a thing of the past, for a State road has been built on it and the grade has been reduced to 5 per cent, which is hardly enough to stir the old bob-sled out of its tracks. The snow, once a thing of beauty and primitive significance, is nothing but a wet dirty nuisance. By its passing we have lost something. The glitter has gone out of the romance of winter.

A Zulu woman may not call her husband by his name either when addressing him or when speaking of him to others, she must use the phrase “father of So-and-so.”

The city council of a town in India has prohibited the killing of mad dogs, holding that they are the same as lunatics and must be put into asylums.

Husband—But why have you dated this letter the tenth when today is only the fourth?

Wife—Because I’m going to give it to you to mail, my dear.

Migrating wild ducks and geese often travel at a speed of between forty-four and forty-eight miles an hour.

A Potentially Dangerous Factor

Any Antagonism Between English Speaking Nations Should Be Overcome

“Big Bill” Thompson is a politician and the fact that he regards an anti-British stunt as good politics in the second biggest city in the States is one calling not for derisive laughter but for serious thought.

The average American, even if he is not perturbed by the idea of propaganda (and the belief in the existence of that propaganda is very widespread), does undoubtedly resent the average British attitude to America and Americans.

He feels that British people despise him; that they regard him either as an upstart or as a comic figure; that in his own idiom, they “high-hat” him; that even when they are friendly there is a touch of patronage in that friendship; and since he is intensely proud with all the aggressive pride of a newly prosperous people, he resents this deeply and bitterly.

Now that feeling—of which Mayor Thompson is the ludicrous expression—is a serious political fact. British capitalism and American capitalism are today rivals in half the markets and investment areas of the world. Great Britain and America are the only two great naval powers. Diplomatic relations—as witness the Geneva Conference—are none of the best. Under such circumstances the existence or the growth of feelings of antagonism between the peoples is a dangerous factor. Certainly it is not matter for jest and derisive comment. It would be wise to cease for a while laughing at Mayor Thompson and to ponder seriously the facts underlying his follies.—London Herald.

Gives Illusion Of “Red Snow”

Tiny Plant Grows On Mountain On Vancouver Island

Mount Albert Edward, which rears its lofty crown into the clouds back of Courtney, B.C., on the east coast of Vancouver Island, is known as the mountain of the red snow.

When the climber goes above the 6,000-foot level on Mount Albert Edward, he encounters the so-called red snow, the discoloration being so marked that most people, not recognizing it, imagine that it has been caused by the slaughter of some predatory animal. As far as known, it does not occur elsewhere on Vancouver Island, and in very few places, if at all, on the mainland.

The red snow is, in fact, due to a tiny plant, known to botanists as *Portulaca* *virgata*, belonging to the *Portulacaceae* division. The phenomenon is also a genus of algae and appears on the surface of the snow, thaging extensive tracts in the Arctic regions and certain coastal glaciars in an incredibly short time with a deep crimson. The plant, which may be regarded as one of the simplest forms of vegetation, consists of a little bag of membrane forming a cell. The illusion of “red snow” can hardly be dispelled when handfuls are taken up and examined. The deeper a person digs in the snow the more pronounced the color becomes.

The Bride—“I’m going to give you a piece of my mind.”

Husband—“You needn’t bother if it’s the same as the piece you gave me yesterday.”

“So you’re Mr. Blank’s secretary.”

“No, he’s private secretary.”

“What’s the difference?”

“A private secretary knows more and tells less.”

“Your husband, madam, is suffering from voluntary inertia.”

“Poor dear! And I accused him all along of being lazy.”

Frances: Don’t you really care for kissings?

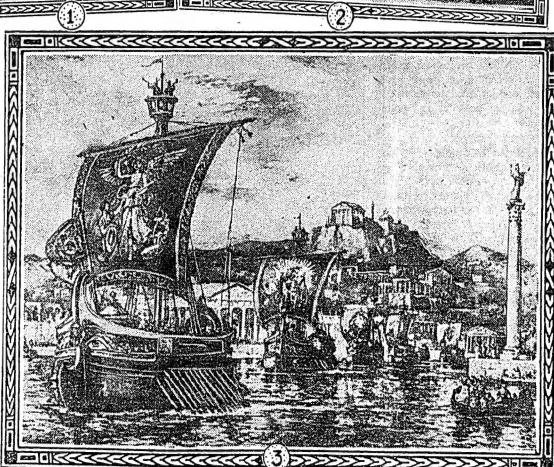
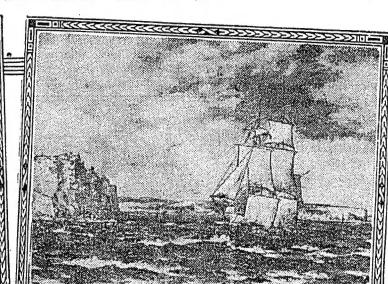
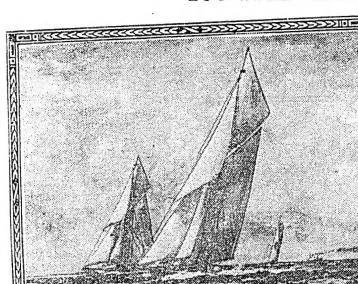
Otis: Not since I was decorated by a French general.—Life.



“I will only give my daughter to a man who can produce a good medical certificate.”

“Don’t worry. Only a strong healthy man would take you for his mother-in-law.”—Polo Mele, Paris.

ROYAL CHRISTMAS CARDS



1
2
3



LESSON No. 14

Question: Why is emulsified cod-liver oil so efficient and so beneficial a food-tonic?

Answer: Because it is so easily assimilated and quickly builds up strength. Multitudes use it every day as in—

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Would Not Accept Defeat

Young London Financier Recoups Fortune After Big Failure

Three years ago most of his friends regarded Mr. Clarence Harry, a well-known financier of London, as a ruined man. Young as he was, they believed his career was, if not over, at least held up for a long period. A great company with which he was connected was wound up and Mr. Harry shouldered debts of the company amounting to three-quarters of a million pounds.

But Mr. Harry set to work quietly and has built up a new fortune. He has just started a big new London omnibus company to link up the many small independent companies now in operation. He has taken a share in several of the big drapery companies now in operation. He has taken a share in several of the big drapery amalgamations recently. One of his most spectacular enterprises was a big big joint combine which he formed in Dundee.



Her Secret Beautifier

Envy of Her Friends

Mrs. Cicely Delano, Washington, writes: "About two years ago I was bothered a great deal with skin. I found I could cover the blemishes with cosmetics, but this was only a temporary relief. My druggist recommended your pure vegetable laxative, and I used it, and it might be constipation. After a short while I noticed a wonderful difference. My complexion has improved, and I have not had a single blemish. I never bothered me any more."

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Sold all druggists 25¢ and 75¢ red pills.

test in Eagle Mines, Bannerman, and Brule, running one girl in each place. Helm had won in all. And there was something funny about the way she acted, Mrs. McMann confided in her friend Mr. Larsen, when it was all over and the minister came to Helm to find out where she came from, how long she had been in Canada, and all that, she wouldn't tell him a thing, and begged him not to write anything about her in the papers. It was queer to see Helm afraid of anything.

Bill Larsen thought as meditatively as anyone could with Bill's cast of features. "There was a Milander girl in Whinipeg about a year and a half ago who raised a lot of grief," he said. "She was a hot socialit and got in jail, and all that. I remember the name, because I've had a lot to do with Flinn one way and another down at Port Arthur. Of course it's a pretty common name—but Helm wouldn't be afraid if she wanted to leave a rock." Mr. Larsen's mind reverted to the unpleasant episode which marked the beginning of his acquaintance with Helm.

Mrs. McMann was for direct action. "I think we'd better put it up to Jack straight, and see what he's going to do. I don't believe for one minute he intends to marry Helm, but she thinks he does, and if he's foolin' her, she may kill him or herself. I know a Flinn girl once who drank lye because her father didn't come to take her to a dance. They're high tempered and quick with a gun or anything that lasts for six days."

"All right," Helm said simply. "I won't say it again, but it's true." Then she went on writing—"dangerous, dangerous, dangerous."

Jack went to the city for a week before Christmas, and when he returned Helm could not keep her heart from beating or her eyes from glistening when he talked in carrying his valise. He wore a new overcoat of black cloth, with an otter collar. The whole seemed to be bursting with light and happiness when he came in. After supper he stayed behind until all the men had gone to the bungalow, and then came over to where she was setting the tables for breakfast and handed her a purple velvet box.

"For a good Flinn girl," he said. The lid opened with a spring, revealing a burst of pearls on a white satin lining, and a little card with a tiny house set against a snowy hill and flanked by evergreens, with these words printed on it in gold letters: "With love and best wishes for a Happy Christmas," and, written below, "For a good Flinn girl called Helm, who runs out in the storm and carries men in out of the wet."

Jack gave an exclamation of surprise. "O Jack," she said, "it is so nice it makes my heart pain. Is it all for me?"

"Nobody else," he laughed.

Helm turned to him with the rapt look in her eyes she had had the day she watched the mountain-side for angels, an adoring, worshiping look that transfixed her. She was always attractive, always striking, with her deep, dark eyes, high coloring, and bared hair; but now, with her nerves so tender, so full of desolation, she was beautiful.

Jack put his hand on Helm's shoulder and drew her to him. "I think you should let me kiss you now, Helm—just once—I have never kissed you—or any other girl."

"Aunt Lillie's warnings were all forgotten when Jack's arms tightened around her. The river, under two feet of ice, was singing its old song; the sky was still luminous with the fires of sunset; the clouds had risen to form a Chinook arch, faintly green against the blue; already the western breezes were soft as velvet as they went past the eaves, murmuring something very sweet and satisfying, which disappointment and heartbreak had no place at all.

(To be Continued.)

Honey bees are winged merchants—they keep stores and sell their honey.

BABY CROSS ALL THE TIME

Eczema on Face and Body. Cuticura Heals.

"My baby's face and body were covered with eczema. It broke out in blisters and sore eruptions, and he could not sleep on account of the irritation. The doctor told me to rub his hands to keep him from scratching. He was cross all the time, and his clothing aggravated the breaking out."

"I used other remedies, but they did not help him. I began using Cuticura Soap and Ointment and in a few days I saw a change, and in about a month he was well again."

(Signed) Mrs. Katie Davidson, Flat Lake, Alta.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum. These are the most popular brands in the valley. When the Anglican Church, desirous to raise money for their incumbent's salary, had put on a con-

ference, Mrs. McMann and Bill Larsen, the bar-tender, having a common grievance, had become fellow-conspirators. They were consumed with one desire, though from widely different motives. Mrs. McMann feared the loss of the best girl she had ever had, and more than that, she resented the above respect and friendship the bar-tenders had for Helm. Helm was a girl who simply stopped off the track without a reference or letter, and in less than a year was the most popular girl in the valley. When the Anglican Church, desirous to raise money for their in-

cumbent's salary, had put on a con-

Claims To Greatness

Turkish Ruler In Front Rank But Name Seldom Mentioned

When claims to greatness are discussed the name of Mustapha Kemal is seldom mentioned. His achievements, however, surpass those of any of his contemporaries and, judged by his achievements alone, he might be put with Lenin and Mussolini in the shade. Lenin transferred an accomplished revolution into a dictatorship; Mussolini successfully carried out a coup d'état in a country where coup d'état were always popular. Mustapha has done more than either. Instead of dispersing the remains of the Turkish Army, as directed by the powers, he recruited a new one, with the aid of which he defeated the Allies, defeated the Greeks, and won back for Turkey Asia Minor, Cilicia and Western Thrace. Having wrung a new peace treaty from the reluctant powers he proclaimed a republic, introduced constitution, abolished the Caliphate and the Shiek Al Islam, together with the whole system of theocracy. He established liberty of conscience by decreeing that any man might select his own religion at the age of twenty-one, and he did away with the ancient institution of slavery. He has done still more. He has replaced the fez by the bowler and he has made a speech which lasted for six days.

Early Postal Items

Prove Interesting

Collection Of 100,000 New Being Catalogued In London

Some curious relics from early days before letters could be sent for a penny, are in a collection of 100,000 items belonging to the Union of Postoffice Workers, which is being catalogued at London and for which a group of Americans offered £200,000.

The collection, which in the 110,000 work of A. V. Moreton, retired postman, won't go to America, but probably will be made a permanent post office museum. It includes an original letter, dated May 24, 1539, written by Sir Edward Osborne to Colonel Fairfax, at the time of the advance of the Royalists against the Scots. It had been mailed:

"With all possible speed,
"Ist, Hast, Hast,
"Post Hast, Hast,
"For Life."

Perhaps the earliest curious post receipt is for Normandy, dated 1397. Another interesting receipt is for a letter sent to Kent, for which the coach mail messenger asked Queen Elizabeth a penny.

Fastest Train In France

Express Regularly Travels Over A Mile A Minute

More than a mile a minute train speed is now regular schedule time for the "Std Express" on a part of its journey from Paris to Madrid. The fast run is from Bordeaux to Dax, only two miles on a part of the road that has been electrified.

The train daily makes the run in an hour and twenty-two miles, at the rate of sixty-two and a half miles an hour. Much higher speeds have been attained on other electrified roads in experimental runs, but the Std Express time-table, recently revised, is the fastest schedule in France.

For Burns and Scalds—Dr. Thomas Electric Oil will take the fire cut or a burn or scald. It should be at hand in every kitchen so that it may be available at all times. "This is a great remedy required. Just apply the oil to the burn or scald and the pain will abate and in a short time cease all together."

Don't Expect Perfect Friends

We have to learn to do our living in this world over a good many rough places and around a great many sharp edges. If we insist that our friends be made to order, we shall never have any friends. We must take people as we find them, and expand our desire for perfection in shaping the friendship we give rather than in expecting it in that which we receive.

Extern Of Our Red Pine Forests

The total uncut stand of red pine (Pinus resinosa) in Canada of saw-timber size probably amounts to 4,000,000,000 feet board measure, the greater part of this being in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. The average annual cut amounts to about 95,000,000 feet board measure.

Friend—"There wasn't a big account of your brother's wadding in the paper's this morning."

Parent (sadly)—"No, the big account was sent to me."

Lilles of the valley will grow in the house planted in cocoanut fibre. Ask your seeder to procure a half dozen pits for you and plant them in a small bowl.

Minard's Liniment for Colds.

FIRST CHRISTMAS TREE

Dates Back To Year A.D. 724 In Legend

The story of the first Christmas tree dates back, according to legend to A.D. 724, when Boniface, a missionary from England, with a small group of followers, reached Central Europe at Yuletide. One evening he came on a clearing in a forest. Beneath a magnificent oak tree was an altar erected to Thor, the god of thunder and of war.

A large assemblage of Thor worshippers had gathered, for the annual sacrifice was about to be offered. This year the most beautiful horse of the community was to be sacrificed. The worshippers were to drink his blood and eat his flesh in the belief that his strength would enter into their veins and make them mighty against their enemies.

This year there was also to be a human sacrifice for crops had not turned out well and the god Thor had to be propitiated. Boniface asked what he wanted, said he had a message to deliver from Christian Church. He was told there was no time now to listen. The priest of Thor went to a group of small children playing near by, laid his hand on the shoulder of a boy of about 12 years of age and asked him if he wanted to go to Valhalla that night. The little boy said, "Yes, I am not afraid. I will just take my bow and arrow and go."

The boy was led to the altar by the priest, blindfolded and placed in a kneeling position. The boy stood dumb with grief; love and agony were mingled with pride that his son should be chosen for this sacrifice, for only the best blood of the tribe would answer.

The mallet of the priest was raised and about to descend on the head of the boy when Boniface intercepted the blow with his staff, which was surmounted by the cross of Christ. The priest's mallet was shattered on the stone of the altar.

The voice of Boniface, steady and clear, made itself heard. He stepped to the altar and made so impassioned an appeal for mercy for the boy and for Christ whom Boniface and his followers served that the Thor worshippers deserted their god and the pagan priests.

The great oak tree beneath which the altar was erected became the symbol of the new religion and hence, in a way, the first Christmas tree.

Origin of Curfew Bell

In Early Days Was Warning To Cover The Fire

The curfew bell is still rung at eight o'clock at several places in England— notably at the Church of St. Thomas, Newport, Isle of Wight; at Ryde, Sussex; and at the little Sussex market town of Hallsham, where it has been sounded for centuries without a break. In the days when William the Conqueror made the order for the curfew bell to be rung at eight o'clock each night in the towns and villages of Britain, it was ostensibly a protection against fire, although other reasons have been assigned to it. There were no chimneys in those days. The fire was made in a hole in the middle of the floor and the smoke was emitted through a hole in the roof; hence the name curfew—cover feu (cover the fire).

No Doubt About It

He had applied for a job in a tourist agency, and his only fear was because he did not speak any foreign languages.

"Well, supposing we want to send you over to our Paris office," said the manager, who seemed impressed with the applicant's appearance. "Parlez-vous français?"

"Parlez-vous français?" the manager repeated very distinctly.

"Sorry, I don't quite get you."

The manager blushed faintly.

"Speak French?" he said, with a casual air.

"Oh," exclaimed the other, beaming "perfectly!"

The early Romans at first had only one name.

Find Jackdaw Removed Cardboard Tops From Milk Bottles

"A successor to the Jackdaw of Rheims has been discovered. Its particular specialty is the removal, not of rings, but of cardboard stoppers from milk bottles.

For some time dairymen have been

boiling their milk to prevent

the growth of bacteria.

By taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You will soon notice the difference in your health by a better appetite and increased "pink" color.

Each tablet contains 100 mg. of

pink blood created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

You can get these pills from your druggist or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brookville, Ont.



For Mild Winter Climate. Good Accommodation To Suit All Pockets. The Farmers' Holiday Playground.

Write:

Victoria and Island Publicity Bureau
(George I. Warren, Commissioner)
P. O. Box 908, Victoria, B.C.

Little Helps For This Week

And we have known and believed the love that God hath to us. God is love; and he that dwelleth in love dwelleth in God, and God in him. John iv. 16.

They only miss the完善 of that perfect bliss. Who will not count it true that, Blessing, not cursing, rules above, And that in it we live and move. —Richard Chevix Trench

All you need strive for is to love God more,—more singly and simply; to still the human actions and impulses of your being. Him, love is of God; it is a divine gift. Do not seek to crush it; seek to keep it steadfast, and seek to help others by love, by letting their love for you draw them upward and closer to God, the Fount of all love.—Harriet Monson.

EFFICIENCY IMPAIRED

Why Many Men and Women Are Baddy Handicapped

When you are so run down in health that it impairs the efficiency of your work as well as your power to enjoy your leisure hours or obtain rest, it is time you looked to the cause. If you are not a sickly, broken-down invalid, it is time you sought a doctor. In nearly all cases this condition, which doctors usually describe as general debility, is due to poor blood—blood that is deficient in oxygen. The best way to improve the blood is to walk your whole system suffers. You lose appetite, you and your nerves trouble you and you feel restless.

What you need is help to build up your health. You can do this right once to make your blood rich and red by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You will soon notice the difference in your health by a better appetite and increased "pink" color. You will notice the new blood created by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills stimulates all the organs of the body to healthy activity, and the system gains nourishment and strength. If you are weak and tired begin again with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. You can get these pills from your druggist or by mail at 50 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brookville, Ont.

Dairymen Solve Mystery

Find Jackdaw Removed Cardboard Tops From Milk Bottles

"A successor to the Jackdaw of Rheims has been discovered. Its particular specialty is the removal, not of rings, but of cardboard stoppers from milk bottles.

For some time dairymen have been

boiling their milk to prevent

the growth of bacteria.

Modern knowledge of astronomy

and mathematics is all based upon principles discovered by the Chaldeans.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

No wonder a young man looks all brooked up when his best girl throws him down.

The Least Excitement

Made Her Heart Palpitate and Flutter

Mrs. Ambrose Orser, Elginburg, Ont., writes:—"I suffered for some time with a bad heart which seemed to be controlled by my nerves. The least little excitement would set it to racing and palpitation, and times I would have real bad spells. I suffered in this way for some time when, one day, I saw

advised to take them. I had only taken a few boxes when I found that it felt better, so I continued taking them and in a short time my heart felt entirely different."

Price 50c. at all druggists and dealers, or mailed direct on receipt of price by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

The School Column

The Chinook Con. S. D. will close today for the Christmas vacation and re-open on January 4. A concert is being held in the school this evening and a Xmas Tree after the concert. Everyone is cordially invited.

The following pupils have perfect attendance during the fall term:

Willie Thompson, Grade x, Margaret Peters, Grade vii, Earl Robinson, Grade iv, Mildred Brownell, Grade iii, Rudolph Pfeifer, Grade ii, Arthur Pfeifer, Jackie Lee, Grade i.

The following is a report of the results of the December examinations of the Chinook Consolidated S. D. Individual reports are being sent to each parent.

Parents kindly examine these reports and if your boy or girl isn't doing satisfactory work, kindly find out the reason. The minimum average of each pupil should be at least 60%.

Grade xii.—Geometry

Irene Marcy 72.

Grade xi.

Audrey Neff 86.8, Ethel Young 69, Carl Domonowski 61,

Grade x.

Marvin Milligan 77.2, Madeline Otto 71.1, Willie Thompson 67.7 Dorothy Neff 66, Catherine Ferguson 64.4, Sadie McLean 57.4, Muriel McIntosh 57.2, Ida Marcy 49, Verna Dressel 45.8, Rolland Massey not ranked.

Grade ix.

Vincent Rideout 78.7, Lemar Seeger 76.3, Dorothy Carter 64, Mildred Milligan 59.4, Doris Marcy 59.2, Lyle Begon 53, Alfred DeMan 40.4, Lowell Brownell 28.2, Lester Dressel 27.6.

Grade viii.

Gladys Wright 80, Elsie Smith 78, Muriel Smith 77, Beulah Venard 70, Mabel Young 68, Sydney Demaere 62.

Grade vii,

Marjorie Lee 73, Urdine Brownell 72, John Howton 71, Celeste Dressel, Harmon Vanhook 65, Margaret McLean 63, Jean McIntosh 62, Margaret Peters 58, Norman O'Malley, Clifford Flater 53.

Grade vi.

Betty Milligan 81.5, Ina Renne 79.7, Marjorie Tompkins 77.5, Kenneth Dawson 73.5, Fred Venard 60.2, Fabian Begon 60.

Grade v.

Keith Wright 92.7, Mabel Gilbertson 85, Bill Marcy 81.8, Frank Marcy 81.6, Milton Dressel 80.1, Grace O'Malley 79.8, Raymond Vennard 77.8, Kyle Milligan 76.8, Lorne Rideout 72.8, Helen Dawson 71.5, Leslie Smith 70.8, Lydia Janzen 70.5, Ernest Gilbertson 70.5, Robert McLean 65.1, Loraine Begon 61.1.

Grade iv.

Lorna McLean 85.7, Bruce Young 82.1, Ross Sandman 75.4, Maurice Massey 73.1, Wesley Gilbertson 69.8, Dean Tompkins 67.2, Jack Lauder 67.1, Myrtle O'Malley 67, Earl Robinson 51.

Grade iii.

Kathleen Proudfoot 91.2, Mildred Brownell 87.7, Ruth Hurley 84.8, Chesler Rideout 84.4, Gabrielle Massey 80.2, Allan Carter 79, Sara Neufeld 73.4, Evelyn Vennard 68.2, Hellena Rosenau 67.7, Arthur Lauder 65.2, Harold Dressel 59, Walter Rosenau 58.8, Norman Jacques 56, Gordon Begon 50.5, Aaron Voth 49.5, Leo Begon 48.4.

Grade ii.

Edith McLean 95, Jimmie Proudfoot, Gilbert Gilbertson, Ernest Hormann 93, Teddy DeMaere Billie MacIntosh 92, Virginia Dressel 88, Robert Sandman 87, Evelyn Dawson John Janzen 86, Lorna Chapman 83, Johnny Kantz 83, Everett Venard 77.

Make Christmas Safe
For The Children

With the great pleasure and fun of Christmas time it seems sad there should ever be any tragedy or accident as often is the case. Make up your mind that Christmas in your home will not only be happy, it will be safe.

Let there be extra watchfulness that the decorations often used at this season, as well as the candles, are in no danger of taking fire. Indeed, health authorities are urging the customs of lighting candles on the Christmas tree should be abolished altogether, as the risk is too great. Watch your little children if there is an open fireplace and Santa Stockings are hung near by, "Better be safe than sorry" is a good motto at a Christmas party.

When buying their toys, choose some of those delightfully sanitary toys for the baby which can be boiled and kept clean. Made of turkish toweling these animal toys are just the thing for the little folk, as they are soft and "Cuddly" and can be thrown in the wash boiler when dirty and come out again. Beware of the toy made of tin with sharp edges that may inflict a cut or scratch, thus inviting blood poisoning. Consider each toy from a safety standpoint when selecting. From a beauty viewpoint many toys are decidedly ugly and grotesque and unlike anything human or of the animal world. Give your child, then, something pretty to play with, that will please the eye. Toys with gaudy red and colored paint are not wise for very small children, who put everything into their mouths. Choose something that the child can "make believe" and dramatize in play for himself, rather than a costly mechanical apparatus which turns him into a mere spectator.

Books are an unfailing source of delight, and today we can buy some very fine books for a small sum.

This year many little children are trying to make other children happy by selling Junior Red Cross seals for the benefit of the sick and crippled ones in the Red Cross Hospitals. Let us all do our best to assist these Juniors to put over their seal campaign by purchasing from these young people. The seals may also be obtained from the Junior Red Cross Office, Civic Building, Edmonton, at the rate of ten cents per package of ten.

It has been suggested that string can be used for more purposes than tying parcels.

R. V. Lawrence left on Wednesday morning for Clarksburg, Ontario, to spend the winter at his old home.

Mrs. Robert Smith and family were passengers on Monday's train for Edmonton, where they will visit during Christmas before proceeding to their new home in Calgary. Mr. Smith left on Thursday morning.

In our last issue, in reporting the departure of Mr. Aitken for the winter, we stated that he regretted leaving when gentlemen were so scarce in this district. Our intentions were to say "young men were so scarce in the district."

Grade i Sr.

Rudolph Pfeifer 93, Joyce Milligan 90, William Hormann 90.

Grade i Jr.

Mary Schmidt, Alice Gilbertson, Jack Lee, John Schmidt, Siegfried Peters, Isabel Vanhook, Agnes Martens, Marcel Massey, Jack Sandman, Loreta Begon, Audrey Rideout, Arthur Pfeifer, Freda Hormann, George Schmidt, Bernard Bray not ranked.

Alberta Boys' Parliament
To Meet In Calgary

During Christmas week sixty-five representative boys from all parts of the province will assemble at the city hall in Calgary for the session of the Eighth Alberta Boys' Parliament. From Grande Prairie and Peace River in the north, from Cardston in the south, from Banff and Coleman in the west and from as far east as Lloydminster and Empress will they come. The boy members are the elected representatives of the Trail Rangers and Tuxis Boys of Alberta and their duty is to represent and to voice the opinions of their youthful constituents. Their legislation will largely deal with problems of boy life and with the Trail Ranger and Tuxis programs.

Robert Bond of High River is premier of the parliament. Russell Berscht of Didsbury leads the opposition and W. H. Swift of Tofield, an ex-premier, is speaker. The Alberta Boys' Work Board sponsors the parliament and the executive secretary of that Board, Gordon Lapp, has acted as chief returning officer in the elections just concluded.

During their stay in Calgary the boy members will be billeted in the homes of interested people and on different occasions will be entertained by the Calgary Y. M. C. A., the Alberta Boys' Work Board and the Calgary Kiwanis Club. On Thursday evening, Dec 29th, through the courtesy of CKLC, the Alberta Pacific Grain Co., the debate in the parliament will be broadcasted.

Members from this district are Lyle Patterson, Drumheller, and Richard Clapperton, Youngstown.

AN OLD MAN'S REVERIE

BY E. V.
Oh youth, you'll emerge from childhood's play,
And discover the world about you.
The sunshine and trees will reveal
each day,
Their meaning of where and how
and why.

Pie by pie you'll weave the story
That nature has written for all,
A story so wonderful then it seems,
I'm here, come, conquer the call.

Then slowly, but surely, youth will
leave you.

So slowly 'tis life's slowest pace,
Till comes the next discovery.

That manhood has taken its place.

Most glorious awakening of any
Is the feeling of things being done,
The sensation of power and ability,
And assurance of success nearly
won.

In this period of manhood there
comes to all
The happiness met to each,
The love of woman, the mating call,
A home and fireside bliss.

Success in business puts in your
reach
The things which money can buy,
'Tis now you know your child's first
kiss,
A store of joy for bye and bye.

Next will come age, not slowly now,
But swiftly as comes the wind;

A year a milestone in life's long row,
Passed unnoticed, so swiftly it
skimmed.

But age has its recompence too, you'll
see.

There's no wish to keep up the pace
You're willing to tarry, let others see;
You'll have won your share of the
race.

Miss Norma Hurley, who has
been attending school at Saska-
town, returned home at Saska-
town, to spend the Christmas holidays
with her parents, Mr. and Mrs.
W. A. Hurley.

Miss G. M. Thomas, teacher
at Laughlin School, left this
morning to spend the Christmas
holidays at her home at Utokots,
Alberta.

Grade i Sr.

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Grade i Jr.

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Quebec, the Birthplace of Winter Sports in North America



W hy should Winter, that severe and blustering season, yet be the parent of the hearty and robust? You should be told that this rigorous season gives mankind the chance each year to resurrect a strong faith in himself. The north wind may blow, and we may have snow, but there is no reason for despondency. It is a season of a numinous cause for rejoicing in a young strength that does not shrink from winter weather. It is only fitting that the true center of this recurring festival should be Quebec, which for centuries has been the home of the French, laughing off the chilly threats of winds and ice and snows. Long before the Pilgrim Fathers had set foot on Plymouth Rock, the French-Canadian colonists had settled Quebec. Here they started the first of many sport organizations during the months when blizzards and a frozen St. Lawrence would claim their strength.

And the topmost of the In-
dians then entered sports life as
did the skis of the Norwegians in
later years. On the whole the
character of winter sports has
changed very little during these
centuries. A new winter game is
Indoor golf, invented by J. C.
McArdle, sports director of the
Chateau Frontenac. In this game
the player uses bow, arrows and
targets instead of clubs, balls and
holes. But the outstanding feature
of Quebec's winter season comes
in the week from Christmas to
New Year's. In this period of
continued play and infections good
times are to be had.

Abraham, Battisfield's 7-2-2, and the
Chateau Frontenac toboggan slide
are the main carnival grounds.
Thousands of visitors from the
United States engage in the sports
in the old Norman observance
of Christmas and the dawn of the
new year. During the first week
in January comes the annual Interna-
tional Dog-Sled Derby. The race of 120 miles, covered in daily
40-mile stages, attracts famous dog-
mushers like the veteran Seppala
and the young St. Godard who won
last year's race. These two drivers
have become North America's
symbols of wiry age and suppli-

CLASSIFIED ADS.

FOR RENT—Good house for rent,
Apply at Advance Office.

FOR SALE—Young Shorthorn Cow,
coming fresh. Apply to J. C.
Bayley, N. 1/2 6, 28, 7, Chinook.

FOR SALE—Typewriter, Corona No.
4, portable, guaranteed as good as
new. Cost \$28. for quick sale
\$5. Mrs. J. C. Turpie, Phone
8511.

FARM WANTED—Wanted, hear from
owner good farm for sale. Cash
price, particulars, D. F. Bush,
Minneapolis, Minn. 35-40.

FOR RENT—House and barn for rent,
Apply to J. L. Carter, Chinook.

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or after the full moon.

Visiting brethren cordially wel-
comed.

J. W. LAWRENCE,
W. M.

R. V. LAWRENCE,
Secretary

Dr. J. ESLER

Physician and Surgeon, Ceresal

Will be at the
Chinook Hotel every Tuesday
and Friday

DR. HOLT
DENTIST

will be at the
Acadia Hotel, Chinook, Every
Thursday

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LL.B.,
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Youngstown Alberta

At the Elevators

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1 Northern 1.18

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3 Northern 1.02

Oats

2 C. W.50

3 C. W.46

No. 1 Feed44

Barley

3 G. W.66

4 C. W.63

Feed

Rye

2 C. W.84

3 C. W.81

Flax

1 N. W. 1.51

2 C. W. 1.46

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1 N. W.35

Eggs

1 N. W.60

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